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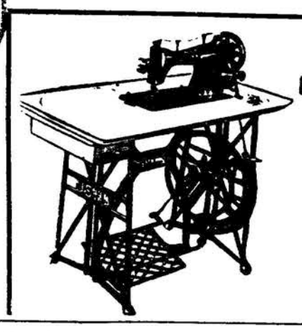
FOR BEST PERFORMANCE BUY USHA SEWING MACHINES EQUALS THE WORLD'S BEST.

TRIBESMEN RESCUE ASSAM GOVERNOR

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DROWNING

Party Marooned In Floods

SHILLONG, October 22 (PTI).

THE GOVERNOR OF ASSAM, MR. JAIRAMDAS DOULATRAM, WHO IS NOW ON A TOUR OF THE EARTHQUAKE AFFECTED AREAS OF THE MISHMI HILLS FRONTIER TRACT, HAD A NARROW ESCAPE FROM THE SWIRLING WATERS OF THE DIBANG WHICH SUDDENLY BURST INTO FLOODS YESTERDAY, ACCORDING TO A RADIO REPORT FROM SADIYA HEADQUARTERS OF THE MISHMI HILLS.

The Governor and party were rescued by Mishmi tribesmen. They were proceeding from Sadiya to Nizamghat near the Assam-Burma border in a fleet of eight cars and trucks. After going some miles across the Dibang, a tributary of the Brahmaputra, they found the road under three feet deep swift flowing flood waters and immediately decided to turn back.

On their return to Dibang bank, they found the river rising very quickly and decided to take a desperate plunge to cross it in time. But soon they were in trouble.

Suddenly there appeared a party of tribesmen in a country boat and two dugouts in search of their missing kinsmen. They rescued the Governor and his party.

The Governor and party were taken to Deopani. A nearby village and from there they returned to Sadiya.

Earlier, the fleet of vehicles tried to cross the river, but only one of them succeeded. Others have been submerged and attempts are now being made to salvage them.

A platoon of the Assam Rifles has been rushed to Deopani and surrounding villages to rescue and evacuate tribesmen.

Following heavy downpours in the Himalayas during the past few days, several hill streams are also reported to have been in spate.

SADIYA TOWN CUT OFF

According to the latest reports reaching here tonight, flood waters of the Dibang have completely cut off Sadiya town and submerged many villages on its eastern bank.

About six hundred tribesmen have been rescued under trying conditions from those villages but it is feared that many were swept away by the currents and drowned.

In Sadiya, half of the town itself has gone under three to four feet deep water. Flood waters have entered several Government Offices, bungalows and quarters.

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram and his party have evacuated the inspection bunglow for an office building.

The Indian Air Force detachment, now stationed at Jorhat for dropping supplies to inaccessible areas of Assam after the great earthquake has been asked to reconnoitre the flood affected areas. Air Headquarters have also been contacted in this connection for blasting any dams that might still exist across the Dibang or the Lohit.

Army Headquarters in Delhi have also been informed of the latest situation and requested to lend as many rubber boats and tents and as quickly as possible, for airdropping.

The Deputy Commissioner of Lakhimpur has been instructed to rush all possible aid to Sadiya.

Relief To Railmen In Assam

MADRAS, Oct. 2 (UPI): The Government of India are considering the question of affording some relief to the railwaymen of Assam on account of the special circumstances created by the recent earthquake in the State.

They have not however accepted request of the Federation that the dearness allowance of the staff should be enhanced from August 15, 1950, when the earth tremors began.

Atom Scientist's Parents Have No News

ROME, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): The parents of Prof. Bruno Pontecorvo, missing British-naturalised atom scientist, have had no news of their son since August 31 (the day before the flew to Stockholm).

They told police that on that day they had a letter from him saying he had to put off a holiday with them at Chamonix, for getting his car from Calais to Britain.

BOAT TRAGEDY IN BRAHMAPUTRA

Relief Party Thrown Overboard: 7 Missing

GAUHATI, October 22 (PTI): Mr. Omeokumar Das, Food Minister and R. Jivanram Phookan, Secretary of the Dibrugarh District Congress Committee and twenty others were thrown over-board into the Brahmaputra when two outboard engine-fitted country boats in which they were travelling collided with a floating timber near Dibrugarh this afternoon and capsized.

According to a report received by the Chief Minister, Mr. Bishnuram Medhi, who is now in Gauhati, Mr, Omeokumar Das and fifteen other persons have been rescued so far but others are still missing.

Mr. Omeokumar Das had floated three miles downstream before he was saved. Mr. Das is safe and well.

It is stated that the accident occurred when the party with foodstuffs and clothes were proceeding to render relief to the flood-affected people in nearby Dhemaji area.

All steamers and country boats plying on the river and the district authorities at Tezpur, Johat, Gauhati and Nowgang have been warned to be on the lookout for the missing persons.

Stone Walls Do Not A Prison Make

LONDON Oct. 22 (UPI).

A man serving a life sentence in Perth's Prison (Australia) without bars has taken his Master of Arts degree through a correspondence course.

Another, on a seven-year sentence, has gained a diploma in business management.

The business management student studied English, contract law, book-keeping, shorthand and typewriting in the last two years.

2 POLICEMEN KILLED IN ASMARA

ASMARA (Eritrea), Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): Ten Shifta (members of pro-Ethiopian armed bands) yesterday killed two policemen in an ambush.

The Shifta blocked the road between Aoordat and Keren with stones, trapping a police car, which they then attacked.

Italian Police Warrant Officer Pio Semptani and an Eritrean Police Sergeant were killed. Two police constables were seriously wounded.

ATOM SCIENTIST'S MYSTERY DEEPENS

Escape From Helsinki In Sealed Coach?

STOCKHOLM, October 22 (PTI-Reuter).

THE Stockholm evening press said today that officials of Britain's counter-espionage service would arrive here tomorrow to trace the movements of Prof. Bruno Pontecorvo, a scientist from Harwell Atom Research Centre.

The British naturalised Professor vanished after flying to Finland and *is believed to be in Moscow.*

Pontecorvo, his wife and three children *flew from Stockholm to Helsinki* on September 2. The Finnish authorities have a record of their arrival but no record of their staying in Finland or having left the country.

Travel agencies in Helsinki said only passengers to Soviet Russia could leave Finland without the authorities recording their departure.

SEALED COACHES

Russia has the right to run sealed railway coaches and waggons to her military base at Porkkala, outside Helsinki, which she has leased from Finland for fifty years.

The Finnish Customs and Passport officials never examine the papers of travellers in these secret coaches.

The Finnish Minister of the Interior, Johannes Virolianen, who flew from Stockholm to Helsinki on the same plane as the Pontecorvos, said they did not take the air company's bus into the capital. Airport attendants said they believed a motor car was waiting for the Pontecorvos at the airport.

The family arrived in Copenhagen on the evening of *September 1 and went* straight from the airport to the railway *station to book sleepers to Stockholm.*

Plane seats from Copenhagen to Stockholm were available that night. On arrival at Stockholm on the morning of September 2, Prof. Pontecorvo went straight to the airline booking office in the centre of the town and bought tickets for Helsinki.

The home of the parents of Mrs. Pontecorvo was *fifteen minutes'* tram ride from the airlines office in the suburb of Enskede, but neither the professor nor his wife visited or telephoned them.

Dr. C. J. Mackenzie, head of Canada's National Research Council, said today that Prof. Pontecorvo did much independent research on cosmic rays. He visited the United States with a team of British atomic scientists in 1943 Dr. Mackenzie added. He later worked in Montreal and at the Chalk River project, Ontario, though he was never officially employed.

A spokesman of the British Embassy in Stockholm said today: "We have no comment to make, as such a visit (of counter espionage officials) would in any case be quite outside the scope of the Embassy's functions".

Well And Truly Laid

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian Republic, visited the Agricultural Institute Anand, recently. Photo shows the President laying the foundation stone of Seth Mungalal Goenka Institute of Animal Genetics, Animal Nutrition and Dairy Technology.—PIB.

U. N. TROOPS, 55 MILES FROM MANCHURIA

Opposition Fizzling Out

SEOUL October 22 (PTI-Reuter).

UNITED NATIONS troops in Korea were tonight reported to be only 55 air miles from Manchuria.

Throughout today, American and South Korean troops ranged all over North Korea almost at will crushing the life out of the once powerful Northern Army.

An intelligence officer estimated that the Northerners' strength had been reduced to fewer than 50,000 men. An American communique said 13,000 prisoners had been taken in the last 24 hours, bringing the total taken during the campaign to 95,000.

The Commonwealth Brigade encountered the only organised resistance—at Yongyu, about 20 miles north of the fallen Communist capital of Pyongyang—before linking up with the American paratroops who were dropped north of Pyongyang.

RESUMING WAR PRISONERS

A South Korean task force, led by American tanks sped to within 70 miles of the border on a "special mission", believed to be the rescue of prisoners-of-war.

They were thrusting up the road north from Sunchon, about 30 miles above Pyongyang.

Early today, men of the American First Cavalry Division occupied the important west coast port of Chinnampo, 35 miles southwest of Pyongyang.

Leading elements of this force struck a company of Northern Troops with a single 40 millimetre anti-tank gun north of the port. But the Northerners scattered after a brief fight.

On the east ccast, South Koreans were fanning out 50 and 60 miles in all directions from the twin cities of Hamhung and Hangnam, mopping up Communist remnants hiding in the rugged mountains.

TOO LATE

An Intelligence officer admitted today that the American paratroops landing north of Pyongyang on Friday was too late to trap the estimated *30,000 Northern troops retreating from* the capital.

The paratroops were getting another *air drop of supplies today to avoid* choking the already overloaded roads *North from the capital with supply* convoys.

More American troops moved up today to strengthen the paratroops and South Koreans massing at Sukchon and Sunchon for a new drive north.

Allied planes watching all roads north attacked several fleeing Communist convoys well north of Sinanju yesterday and during the night.

Australian Mustangs destroyed seven vehicles and an ammunition dump in the Sunchon area.

An American communique said today that United Nations planes continued to pound all escape routes.

LEAFLETS DROPPED

It added that Super-Fortress bombers had dropped one million leaflets over key North Korean cities still held by the Communists, telling the public that complete destruction was inevitable unless the fighting ceased.

In 117 days of operations, American planes have flown 50,000 mission and dropped 35,000 tons of bombs.

The British airlift for Korea, which

(Continued on page 5)

WRONG SALT IN FISH

Fifteen Die In Japan

TOKYO, October 22 (PTI-Reuter): Fifteen people have died in Osaka from eating fish believed to have been "salted" with sodium nitrate (chile saltpetre) instead of salt, the newspaper "Asahi Shimbun" reported today.

About 83 pounds of the fish were sold in Osaka and neighbouring cities.

Police said that most of the people who had eaten the fish were seriously ill.

Committee To Discuss Anomalies

MADRAS, Oct. 22 (UPI).—The Joint Railway Advisory Committee is meeting at Delhi from October 26 to November 9 under the chairmanship of Mr. F. Jeejibhai. The Committee will take up the remaining 100 cases of anomalies in the Central Pay Commission's recommendations.

BAGHDAD, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): King Abdulla of Jordan arrived here yesterday for a week's visit to the Iraqi royal family. He was received by King Faisal Second of Iraq, the regent, Emir Abdul Illah, and cabinet members.

FRENCH TROOPS PULL OUT OF ANOTHER OUT-POST

But No More Retreats, Says Military Expert

HANOI, October 22 (PTI-Reuter).

FRENCH forces have evacuated Loc Binh, seventh frontier outpost to be abandoned in Northern Indo-China within a month, it was disclosed today.

Loc Binh is about 12 miles southeast of the fortress of Langson, evacuation of which was officially stated today to have been completed.

All the men involved in the withdrawal—estimated to be about 3,000—have reached safely, a military spokesman said.

France's leading military strategist, General Alphonse Juin, today drove almost 40 miles in a jeep in monsoon rain to meet column of men withdrawing from the two fortresses.

NO MORE RETREATS

He told them: "There will be no more French retreats. I am confident of the military situation."

French High Commissioner Leon Pignon said here today that he could neither confirm nor deny reports that 15,000 Chinese Communist troops had crossed the frontier into Indo-China to join the Vietminh forces.

M. Pignon and M. Jean Letourneau, French Minister for the Indo-China Associated states, both told correspondents today that they had given orders that news censorship would in future be confined to military security.

M. Letourneau said censorship would apply to political matters only in so far as the affected military security—such as questions of morale.

No confirmation was available here today of reports that French forces were withdrawing from Monkay, coastal town on the Chinese border, 150 miles north-east of Hanoi, capital of Tonkin Province.

Quirino's Tough Deal For Philippine Rebels

MANILA, October 22 (PTI-Reuter): Philippine President, Elpidio Quirino today proclaimed the suspension of "the privileges of habeas corpus" in cases of alleged sedition or rebellion, it was officially announced tonight.

The announcement said: "this measure is calculated to facilitate the prosecution and final disposition of an increasing number of cases arising from seditious, rebellious or otherwise acts of lawless elements".

The President declared: "this Government can no longer tolerate the continuation of such a state of affairs threatening not only peace and security of the people, but the very security of the state itself."

Oily History

LONDON, Oct. 22. (UPI): On of the greatest events in oil history will take place in the next few weeks, by the coming into operation of the great 30-31" pipeline from Abqualq in Saudi Arabia, half-way down the Persian Gulf, to Sidon on the Mediterranean.

The pipeline is 1,070 miles in length and its completion took two years.

The oil, which will be pumping into tankers at Sidon from next month on, is intended for the British and European refineries.

The oil from the Saudi-Arabian field which will now flow through the Sidon pipeline has hitherto been passing through the Suez Canal and has contributed substantially to the revenues of that great international transport monopoly. This traffic will now be lost to the Canal.

RUSSIA AHEAD ON ATOMIC ENERGY

MOSCOW, Oct. 22 (UPI).

A RUSSIAN professor has declared that Soviet scientists have already discovered means of transforming atomic energy directly into electricity.

V. Golubtsov claims in the "Literary Gazette" that Soviet science is far ahead of the United States in the solution of the problem of peaceful uses of atomic energy.

He says: "Soviet scientists have found other technological schemes, other technical possibilities for peaceful use of atomic energy transforming it directly into heat or electricity.

"Soviet science has progressed by a great margin ahead of foreign science in the field of atomic energetics. In the complex use of atomic energy for peaceful purposes, we see a solution to this problem."

Prof. Golubtsov says that the American failure to make substantial progress on problems concerning the peace-time use of atomic energy is due almost exclusively to concentration on war uses of atomic energy.

Human Tongue As Gift To Deity

BARANAS, Oct. 22 (PTI): A sadhu offering prayers during "Navaratri" offered the tip of his tongue to goodness Durga, in a temple situated on the outskirts of the city. On the last day of the Dushehra festival, the sadhu cut his tongue in front of the idol.

PEASANTS' PARTY MANIFESTO

Council Prepares For Elections

KOLHAPUR, October 22 (PTI): The General Council of the Maharashtra Peasants and Workers Party today suggested that Mr. Shankarrao More should withdraw his resignation from the General Secretaryship of the Party and from membership of its Political Committee.

The Council said that Mr. More's leadership "is essential at the present juncture."

A party spokesman said: "More's resignation does not mean split or political differences of fundamental nature in the party.

The General Council which met under the Presidentship of Bhai Satha decided that the Political Committee should draft the manifesto and the details of policy of the party for the coming general elections.

PRESIDENT'S TASK TAKEN UP

LUCKNOW, Oct. 22 (PTI): Mr. Amrit Lal Nagar, well known Hindi novelist and short story writer has decided to write a book on the lives of women who have been induced to commercialised vice.

His decision is an immediate reaction to the remarks made by President Dr. Rajendra Prasad at the All India Conference on Moral and Social Hygiene held at New Delhi that many years ago he wanted "to write a book on the lives of typical women who had been induced to take to a life of shame", but had given up the task because he did not feel he had the strength of coming into contact with that class of people.

The president had, however, the hope that someone would undertake the task with sympathy and understanding.

How He Got The Best Yield

LUCKNOW, October 22 (UPI): Full details have been received of the efforts made by the cultivator, who obtained the highest yield in the paddy competition in West Bengal, namely 88 maunds 20 seers, per acre.

The cultivator used for manure, per acre, 100 maunds of cow dung, three maunds of bone-meal and 50 maunds of compost, produced from the decomposition of paddy straw left in the fields after harvesting. The seed used wa deep water Aman paddy, locally known as Abviman, at the rate of 40 seers, per acre.

Publication Of Electoral Rolls

NAGPUR, October 22 (UPI): Preliminary publication of the electoral rolls is proposed to be made on November 1, 1950.

Besides the statutory publication, copies of the relevant portions of the rolls will, for the sake of public convenience, are available with village officers who have been instructed to render all assistance to the people to find out whether or not their names are included in the rolls.

Three More Wolves Killed

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 22 (UPI).—Three more wolves have been killed by the military party posted at Sirathu in Allahabad District, thus bringing the total number of the animals killed so far in this district to six. Of these fives were wolves and one hyena.

The number of persons killed by these animals in this district so far is 25.

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SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted by a big cotton textile Mill Assistant Spinning Masters who should be well qualified and must have long experience in good Mills. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 8945 "Bombay Chronicle."

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(8923)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A New Batch—Davar's College of Commerce—October enrolments commenced for all General and Specialised Diploma Courses in Commerce. Enrol immediately. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay (2179)

Homoeopathy easily learnt Best postal training to pass the proposed Test for prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore.

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted: Agents for selling our fancy Chappals. Shoes. Sandals and Leather Goods on salary Rs. 250/- per month throughout India. Write for Agency term and Samples G. P. Leather Works P. B. No. 364, Kanpur. 8886

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our High Grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars. National Calendar Mfg. Co., Howrah.

(8052)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For Income-tax Refunds, Trademark Registration, Recovery of Decrees, Railways and Insurance claims. Write Taxation Relief and General Agencies (Regd.), Examiner Building, Fort, Bombay 1. (2187)

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours 60" width Lovely for curtains Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. (6778A)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 100 BUNDLES CINNAMONS on 26th inst. at 2-30 p.m. at godown No. 89 G of M/s C. Chhabildas, Kasam Dada Wadi, Mazagaon, under instructions from M/s Nandlal Patwari & Co., Attorneys for M/s Kantilal Pranjivandas and on account and at risk of M/s Mathuradas Devchand & Co., defaulting purchasers. Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit. GANDHI & CO.

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY TENDERS

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of (1) Baskets cane stiffened with hoop iron large and (ii) Sand moulding Bhavnagar 2nd quality, during the period 1-2-1951 to 31-1-1952. Tender forms obtainable from the Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13 at Rs. 2/- per copy in each case, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 14th November, 1950, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

(8920)

PUBLIC NOTICES

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY.

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED by the undersigned from the contractors borne on the approved list of Railways and other Government Departments for the construction of a bridge consisting of two spans 100 ft. clear over well foundation over Mothli Khud and its protection work at chainage 107438 on the Mukerian-Pathankot Railway (Under Construction).

2. The prescribed tender form with conditions of contract and detailed tender conditions can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Administrative Officer, E.P. Railway, Delhi, on payment of Rs. 5/-/-. Tenders will be received upto 14 hrs. on 6th November, 1950, and will be opened at 15 hours on the same day.

3. The bridge work is required to be completed by 31st March, 1951 and protection works by 31st May, 1951 and should commence immediately after acceptance of the tender.

4. The amount of earnest money to be deposited is Rs. 10,000/-/- Earnest Money must be deposited in cash in the name of the Chief Cashier and Treasurer, Eastern Punjab Railway, at any station on the Eastern Punjab Railway. Bank cheques or deposit receipts will not be accepted.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER,
Delhi.

(8940)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from short film producers who are desirous of producing short documentary films of about 1000 ft. in 35 mm for the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting. Only those producers who have produced documentary films in the past need apply giving full particulars about their firms and productions to the undersigned by the 15th November, 1950. They should be ready to put up samples of their work, upon demand.

A. S. BHATNAGAR
Under Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Central Secretariat, NEW DELHI.

(8942)

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY

STANDARD BRONZE PHOSPHORISED—SUPPLY OF

TENDER NO. CP.2/

THE LAST DATE for the receipt of tenders in the Office of the Controller of Stores, Negapatam, for the supply of 150 Tons of Standard Bronze Phosphorised as called for in the above advertisement has been extended from 27-10-50 to 3-11-50.

(8941)

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of (1) 324 Isolating Switches; (2) 1 ton Tin Ingots; (3) 4800 yards V.I.R. Cable 7/ .044 (600 Volts), will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, 1, up to noon on 31st October 1950.

Tender Forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House.

(8939)

NOTICE

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

A BRANCH of the Bank has been opened at Osaka (Japan) on 20-10-1950 for the transaction of Foreign Exchange and General Banking business.

Address:—
Indo Building, 1-Chome,
Doshomachi, Higashi-ku,
Central Post Box No. 376,
OSAKA (Japan)

Telegraphic address—STRINGENT.

A. C. CLARKE,
General Manager.

Bombay, 21-10-1950.

(8943)

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY

WITH EFFECT from 20th October 1950, 35 Dn/36 Up Passenger trains will run between Baroda and Mathura Jn. only. The timings will be as follows:—

Leave Baroda	10-30 hrs.	Leave Mathura Jn.	17-20 hrs.
Arrive Mathura Jn.	12-20 hrs.	Arrive Baroda	19-35 hrs.

With effect from the same date 17 Dn/18 Up Passenger trains will be re-introduced to run between Baroda and Ahmedabad and the timings will be as follows:—

Leave Baroda	17-40 hrs.	Leave Ahmedabad	5-50 hrs.
Arrive Ahmedabad	21-45 hrs.	Arrive Baroda	9-35 hrs.

(8944)

JAYAPRKASH WANTS TO TALK IT OVER

Grievance: Strike Threat Grievance Strike Threat

MADRAS, October 22 (PTI):

MR. JAYAPRAKASH NARAYAN, President of the All India Railwaymen's Federation, assured the conference of the running staff convened here today by the Federation that he would take up the question of anomalies in their pay and allowances on a ministerial level shortly.

"If the result of our negotiations with the Railway Minister are not satisfactory, then the whole matter will be referred to arbitration or to a Tribunal for adjudcation, the award of the Tribunal being binding on Government", he said.

"If Government refuse to accept this solution", Mr. Narayan said, "the running staff would be justified in resorting to surh direct action as the Federation might advise, and I have no doubt that in this they would have the full support of the Federation and of railwaymen in general".

CASUAL TREATMENT

Mr. Narayan regretted that the running staff had been receiving a "very casual and indifferent treatment from the Railway Board and the Railway Ministry". The Central Pay Commission, while it dealt with the problem of other railway staff, did not take up the question of running allowance for the running staff which were left to be determined in the light of the award of the adjudication, he said.

Mr. Narayan referred to the many anomalies and injustices shown to the running staff by the Railway Ministry, which, he said were a "source of great discontent among them".

The General Council of the Federation will meet tomorrow to discuss the delay in the implementation of the Central Pay Commission scales of pay and allowances on the integrated railways and review the working of the Joint Railway Advisory Committee.

The meeting will also consider the desirability of taking a strike ballot in respect of the proposed labour legislation by the Government of India.

IN SEARCH OF THE LEVIATHAN

Big Game Fishing In Indian Ocean

MAHE, Seychelles, October 22 (PTI-Reuter): Big game fisherman and author F. A. Mitchell Hedges sailed from here today on a two-month expedition to the Indian Ocean in search of hitherto unknown sea monsters.

The exact spot where the party is going to fish is being kept secret. Nobody will be able to contact the expedition while it is away.

The party included Mr. Mitchell-Hedges, wife, and Mr. Adrian Conan Doyle, son of the late Sir Arthur Conon Doyle, with his wife.

An official statement issued in Mombasa while the expedition was assembling said: "Having heard astonishing stories about 'leviathans of the deep' in the Indian Ocean where no one has ever attempted to discover what the sea can really yield, we are determined to discover the truth.

"Over a period of months we have assembled the largest and, we believe, the most perfect equipment possible for a really ambitious big game fishing expedition. We anticipate really astonishing data."

BORDER FREE FROM RAIDS

Indo-Pakistan Officials Meet

FAZILKA, Oct. 22, (PTI): The monthly meeting of the Indo-Pak officials of Ferozepore and Montgomery districts and Bahawalpur State yesterday at the Suleimanki Headworks recorded that the long stretch of the border remained free from raids since February last. The officials renewed their pledges to maintain peace on the border and to restore cattle lifted from either side.

The Pakistan officials returned three long-term prisoners detained in Bahawalpur jail since partition in August 1947 and the Indian authorities in reciprocation restored two Muslim women and a child from Lambi police station area.

As a gesture of goodwill the Bahawalpur State authorities sent back six Indian army personnel who had strayed into their territory on October 18 while on the track of some lifted cattle.

HYENAS STILL ACTIVE IN ALLAHABAD

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 22, (UPI): A relation of Sir Iqbal Ahmad, ex-Chief Justice of Allahabad High Court, it is reported, was attacked by a hyena on Friday night as a result whereof he sustained injuries on his face.

It is stated that he was sleeping in the portico of Sir Iqbal's house when about midnight the beast entered the house and pounced upon him. At first he could not make out what it was, but when he was attacked thrice he got up and saw the beast. He raised an alarm but before people could come, the hyena disappeared.

Panic prevails in the city, particularly in the Civil Lines, George Town and Tagore Town areas.

'India Needs Services Of Young Men'

KALIMPONG Oct. 22 (PTI): Dr. K. N. Katju, West Bengal Governor said here last night that India needed the services of youngmen and women irrespective of nationality, creed, caste or race "provided they are Indians".

Dr. Katju was addressing the Golden Jubilee meeting at Doctor Graham's Homes here, an institution founded by the famous Scotch missionary and his wife, primarily for the benefit of domiciled European and Anglo-Indian children.

Over three thousand students have passed out of the Graham's Homes during the past fifty years after completing the Senior Cambridge course.

Situated at a height of about five thousand feet, one of the highest points of Kalimpong, Graham's Homes are spread over an area exceeding two square miles with cottages dotting the sprawling hillside. Based on the British public school system, the students have cottages of their own named in Scotch pattern such as Edinburgh, Thoburn, Mansfield etc.

Petrol Derationing

MIRAJ, October 22 (UPI): The District Magistrate of Satara South, Mr. S. E. Sukhtankar, has removed the rationing of petrol in this district from today.

DEVELOPMENT PLAN: The Council of the Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee has set up a committee to tour Karnataka and report upon the possibility and development of industries and expansion of railways and roads.

Churchillian Inspiration!

JAYAPRAKASH GOES FOR CONGRESS

MADRAS, Oct. 21 (PTI): Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan, Socialist leader, described the Congress today the "Indian counterpart of Mr. Churchill's party in England".

Addressing a public meeting here tonight, Mr. Narayan said the greatest political need of the country was for an alternative party to the Congress. That alternative party, he said, was the Socialist party, which alone could challenge the Congress.

In the absence of a well-organised opposition party, the Congress would again come back to power after the next elections.

If the people of the country do not have enough courage to go to the polling booth and vote for the party of their choice at a secret ballot, they will not have the courage to overthrow the present Government", he said.

The socialist leader appealed to the people to come forward in building the socialist party which, he said, by a policy of "triple revolution", namely the abolition of princely order, capitalist society and by bringing about an agrarian revolution, would solve the present problems facing the country.

JAIN IN KASHMIR

JAMMU, October 22 (PTI): Mr. Ajit Prasad Jain, India's Rehabilitation Minister, who is on a short visit to Kashmir, visited a number of villages bordering Pakistan yesterday where more than 8,000 displaced persons have been rehabilitated.

Mr. Jain met refugees and listened to their demands. He praised men and officers of the Indian Army who are giving every possible help to displaced persons in the state.

The Minister accompanied by Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, Miss Mridula Sarabhai and a few state officers left the border villages for Poonch today.

STAFF OF EX-STATE RAILWAYS

Position Regarding Pay Scales Clarified

MADRAS, October 22 (PTI).

THE Government of India have informed the All-India Railwaymen's Federation that the staff of the ex-States railways will be given option either to elect the Central Pay Commission's scales of pay or the existing States railways scale of pay.

Those who elect the former, will be governed by the Indian Government railways rules and conditions of service in all matters, and those who do not elect, will continue to be governed by their existing conditions of service as long as they continue to hold any permanent or officiating capacities, posts they were occupying on April 1, 1950.

On subsequent promotion, whether permanent or officiatng, all staff, irrespective of their option, will be brought on to the prescribed scales of the Indian Government railways rules and conditions of service.

The staff of the ex-State railways came under the control of the Central Government as a result of the Federal Financial integration of the States and Unions on April 1, 1950.

UPWARD REVISIONS

In the case of railwaymen where there has been an upward revision of scales of pay after January 1, 1946, the substantive pay shall be fixed in the Central Pay Commission's scale allotted to the substantive posts by being fixed at the stage next above the present substantive or officiating pay in the equivalent grade.

With regard to Jaipur and ex-Cutch railways, the matter is still under consideration of the Government.

In regard to pensionable services, persons less than three years service will be brought under the State railway provident fund scheme automatically.

The option will be exercised after the equation of posts on the respective railways which is now being undertaken by the Central Railway Service Commission.

In regard to the staff who were temporary on 1-4-1950 on the ex-state railways they will be brought under the Indian Government railway rules automatically without any option.

The question of having fresh service agreement of India and in the meantime Class Three and Four employees may be appointed by the general managers of respective railways on ascertaining the acceptance of conditions of service as laid down by the Government.

Mr. S. Gurusyamy, General Secretary of the Federation stated here that about 67,000 railway men employed in eleven State railways would be affected by this decision.

Government of India are considering the question of affording relief to railwaymen employed on the Assam railways in view of the special circumstances created by the recent earthquake in Assam, Mr. S. Guruswamy, Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation stated today.

A decision in this regard, he said, would be taken by the Government shortly.

The Railway Board had, however, informed that they could not accept the Federation's request for enhancement of dearness allowance to Assam railwaymen from August 15, 1950, he added.

ACCENT ON GOOD CHARACTER

C.R.'s Advice To Youth

MYSORE, Oct. 22 (PTI): Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Minister without portfolio, Government of India, this morning declared open the Ramakrishna Students Home here. He advised the students to develop good character which in the eyes of the world was the most important thing.

The Rajpramukh, the Maharajah of Mysore presided.

Mr. H. C. Dasappa, Finance and Industries Ministries Minister of Mysore on behalf of the Ramakrishna Mission read the report and welcomed Rajaji. Mr. Dasappa said the idea of this Home primarily was to provide an ideal environment and opportunity to young inmates to grow up into fine, manly, useful, self-reliant citizens with a sound moral foundation.

Mr. Rajagopalachari said: "Our country has begun a new journey. We have just started on the journey. There is a lot of work to be done hereafter. Whenever there is a great change in life, there will be difficulties and troubles to be gone through during the period of this transition. A child cannot be born unless the mother goes through a great deal of pain. The change which has come upon us now is like the birth of a child. We are in trouble of all kinds. Do not attribute these troubles to the new order which we have brought into being. These troubles belong to the transition.

LIKE BIRTH

"People think that the freedom has brought all these troubles. They even say we should not have had this freedom, and the consequent troubles. So also just like the mother, at childbirth, who wishes that she had not had the child, but after the birth forgets all the pain and pats the child, so also shall the citizens, men and women, in the days to come forget the troubles. As times passes and when we enjoy the true sense of freedom, all the suffering will be lost sight of.

"I have not many years before me. Perhaps a few years. Many of us who feel proud of having accomplished something in these troublesome times will not see actually the fruit of what we have achieved. It is the boys who come out of this home and who are shaped here into sugarcandy who will see great India fully blossomed to a great free nation".

Requesting Mr. Rajagopalachari to open the students' home, the Maharajah observed, "India which has now come into her own has a destiny to fulfil and that mission of hers demands great virtues from her sons and daughters, and virtues cannot be developed without effort and without the right environment. This home seeks to provide such an environment and help boys in that effort."

BANGALORE: Mr. Rajagopalacari arrived here by car from Mysore this evening.

PUNJABI-SPEAKING PROVINCE URGED

Sikhs' Demand

DEHRA DUN, Oct. 22 (PTI.)

The fourth U.P. Sikh Conference, at its meeting here today, supported the demand for a Punjabi-speaking Province.

Sardar Hukum Singh, Member of Parliament, inaugurating the Conference, said that the demand for a Punjabi-speaking Province was perfectly consistent with the assurances given in the Constituent Assembly.

The Sikhs belonged to a border state and it was imperative that the Sikh demand should be conceded early to make them contented and peacefully progressive.

LINGUISTIC BASIS

Sardar Santokh Singh in his presidential address to the conference said that the demand was made purely on linguistic and cultural basis and did not ask for a Sikh State.

Appealing to the Sikhs to support the Congress, he said that with its help alone could the Sikhs achieve their objective.

MEMORIAL COLLEGE IN E. AFRICA

Mr. Kalelkar's Tour

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 22 (PTI): Kaka Kalelkar, a veteran social worker, who recently returned from two and a half months tour of East Africa, told PTI. here yesterday that he undertook the tour of East Africa to 'popularise' the idea of a memorial college which the Indians, Europeans and Africans residing there desire to establish on "inter-racial" lines.

Kaka Kalelkar said that the college, with other institutions that may be established in East Africa, may later develop into an university. Parents who cannot afford to send their children to foreign countries for higher education were anxious to see various such institutions established in East Africa, he said.

Referring to the collection of materials for the Gandhi Memorial Museum to be established in India, he said that he would later visit South Africa when conditions there become more favourable for collecting such material.

A site near Rajghat, has been selected for the Gandhi Memorial Museum at Delhi, and a suitable building will be erected there, he said. "It is my idea to establish thirty such museums and libraries in different parts of the country, besides twenty libraries in foreign countries, and I shall place this idea before the Gandhi Memorial Trust which has entrusted me with the work of collecting materials for such museums", Kaka Kalelkar said.

CANADIAN NATIONAL EXHIBITION

Indian Exhibits Much Appreciated

NEW DELHI, Oct. 22.

Indian exhibits at this year's Canadian National Exhibition have been considered to be "extremely interesting, colourful and attractive". In a letter addressed to the Indian Trade Commissioner in Canada, the authorities of the Exhibition say: "After having just completed an inspection of all exhibit booths in your building, I wish to offer the congratulations of this Association for the manner in which you have designed and arranged your exhibits. Your exhibit is considered to be extremely interesting, colourful and attractive and we feel that your contribution has added materially in making this exhibition the best ever".

The Canadian National Exhibition which is being held consecutively since the eighties of the last century has been considered as "the greatest annual exhibition of its kind in the world". India has been participating in this exhibition since the thirties. In this year's exhibition which started on August 25 and continued for a fortnight, the principal exhibits of India consisted of consumer goods such as carved ivory, embroideries, jari work, silver filigree jewellery, carved wooden boxes, small tables inlaid with ivory, cottoft textiles, brass ware, silks and brocades, badri work, Indian style slippers, Indian condiments and chutnies, clay figures and samples of various kinds of oil seeds, raw mineralsm, raw tobacco, jute, wool and coir mats and matting. Miscellaneous items consisting of books, paintings, posters, Indian musical records, incense, soap, etc., were also on show.

Another important feature of India's exhibits attracted considerable attention were the mural panels showing Indian artisans and workers in all occupations.

I. A. F. Examination

NEW DELHI, Oct. 22 (UPI).—Seven hundred and fifty-one candidates have qualified in the written examination of the Military Wing and Indian Air Force Examination held in July, 1950, according to a press communique issued by the Union Public Service Commission. Three thousand. two hundred and fourteen applied for entry and 2,441 appeared in the examination.

These 751 candidates will have to appear before the Services Selection Board and those who are successful will be eligible for admission to the Military Wing of the National Defence Academy and the Air Force Academy of the Indian Air Force for the courses commencing in January, 1951 and March, 1951 respectively.

U.P. Civic Elections Postponed

OPPOSITION LEADER'S CRITICISM

LUCKNOW, Oct. 22 (UPI): Mr. Triloki Singh, leader of the Opposition in the U P Assembly, has issued a statement criticising the Government's decision to postpone the municipal elections in the State.

Mr. Singh says: "This is not the first time that the Government have fiddled with the people like this. They have been postponing these elections since 1948. Everybody knows what the election arrangements cost to a municipality. Taken as a whole, lakhs of rupees have been spent over the election arrangements. This year even the dates had been announced. The postponement, therefore, would cause heavy financial losses to the municipalities.

"The reason is not far to seek. The Congress is afraid of losing these elections. Its Government, therefore, is there to help it by putting off the evil day.

"Elections are not held to suit the convenience of any particular political party. They are the very essence of democracy and if such methods are adopted, posterity will hang its head in shame over the traditions left by our present day rulers. The people are wide awake and will not stand such nonsense."

MAKE INDIA A GREAT NATION

Mr. Gadgil's Appeal

NEW DELHI, Oct. 22, (PTI): Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, described the present government yesterday as a "joint co-operative enterprise in which the leaders and administrators and the people are partners."

In that enterprise, he said, they all had the "common aim of making free India a great and prosperous country".

Mr. Gadgil, who was addressing the annual meeting of the Central Public Works Department Co-operative and Thrift Society, said that what people needed today was "faith in the country's destiny". If everyone determined that whatever one did would be for the good of the country the country was sure to prosper.

The Works Minister was confident that within the next ten years the standard of life of the "common man" in India would be considerably higher than now.

DESIST FROM ALL BLACKMARKETING

Kanpur Traders To Issue Appeal

KANPUR, Oct. 22 (PTI): Representatives of different industries and trades at Kanpur met yesterday in the office of the Merchants' Chamber of Uttar Pradesh and decided to issue "a telling and forceful appeal to every trader and businessman in Kanpur to desists from blackmarketing and other unsocial practices in business in any shape or form and to offer unstinted co-operation of the business community, to the authorities in carrying out the provisions of law.

The meeting, which was presided over by Mr. Purshottamdas Singhania, President of the Chamber, also decided that a small deputation headed by Sir Padampat Singhania, a Kanpur industrialist, should shortly wait on Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Chief Minister, Uttar Pradesh, to place before him the views of the business community in respect of the application of provisions contained in the Preventive Detention Act.

The members of the deputation will also discuss with the Chief Minister ways and means of effectively co-operating with government in the maintenance of prices on an even keel.

TANDON EXTOLS REASON

Culture Distinct From Religion

ALLAHABAD, October 22 (PTI): The Congress President, Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon, declared here yesterday that Hindus and Muslims had equal rights to live in India and to build their common culture.

Mr. Tandon, who was addressing a Moharrum function, said that he was not against any particular religion or form of worship. But he regarded reason to be above everything. Religion and culture were quite distinct. Men of different religions could have a unified culture, he added.

Speaking of Husain, the Congress President said that he was a great admirer of Husain.

ASSURANCE TO ASSAM TRIBAL PEOPLE

PASHIGHAT (Abor Hills), Assam, October 22, (PTI): The Governor of Assam, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, assured on Friday the tribal people affected by the recent earthquake and flood. that the whole of the Indian Republic was behind them in the hour of their distress.

Addressing a largely attended meeting of the tribal people here, the Governor said that government were trying their best to rush relief to their brethren. He hoped that the affected people themselves would also face the difficulties bravely as they had already done and look to the future with courage and confidence.

Government of Maharashtra
on 18 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

BOMBAY LIBRARY ASSOCIATION: Mr. T. D. Walnis, Curator of Libraries, Bombay State will deliver a public lecture on "Library in Modern Democracy" 6-30 p.m. Dhuru Hall (B.B. and C.I. Dadar).

PUBLIC Holiday. Banks closed.

Domestic Occurence

MISTRY: Nozar Jamshedji, (Manager: Colaba Land Mills), expired Sunday Morning at 7 a.m. Funeral—Bhabha Bangli, Doongerwadi, Monday 23rd at 7-30 a.m. (S. T.).

RESTRICTIONS ON MUSIC

Bombay Reaction

BOMBAY, Sunday: Mr. Chaudhari Husen Bux President and Mr. Abdu Jabbar Lightwala, General Secretary, 'Deredaran "Tawayafan' (Union of Female Singers and Dancers), Bombay, write: "We have read the news that the Rajpramukh of Madhya Bharat has refused to give his assent to "The Music and Noises Prevention Bill" passed by the Madhya Bharat Legislative Assembly. He has objected to sections 7 and '8 of the Bill empowering the District Magistrate to restrict music and noises at any place at any time. He has thought that the power given to the District Magistrate in Section 6 of the Bill for restricting music and noises temporarily was enough and Sections 7 and 8 could be taken out of the Bill.

"We welcome the right action of the Rajpramukh and thank him for his courageous attitude. As he has rightly observed, entertainment forms an important part of the life of the society and contributes to its welfare."

Bhavnagar Workers

RAJKOT, Oct. 22, (PTI): About 5,000 workers of New Jehangir Mills and New Mahalaxmi Mills of Bhavnagar will receive a minimum wage of Rs. 24 and a dearness allowance, 84 per cent of that obtaining in Ahmedabad following an agreement between the mill authorities and the workers' unions.

The scales would take effect from April 1, this year.

INVESTMENT

INVESTMENT in BONUS UNITS of Rs. 5,000, Rs. 2,500, Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 500, fetches guaranteed monthly profits Rs. 60, Rs. 28, Rs. 11 and Rs. 5-4. Ask for particulars with free 'STOCK BROKER'. INVESTORS' CARTEL LTD., 198/1, Rash Behari Avenue, Calcutta 29.

RING WORM OINTMENT — Amrutanjan BRAND RINGWORM OINTMENT

THIS MORNING AT 10-30 A.M.
'THEY DIED WITH THEIR BOOTS ON'
ERROL FLYNN, OLIVIA DE HAVILLAND
AURORA
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Thrills! Excitement! Spectacle!
'KIT CARSON'
JON HALL, LYNN BARI, DANA ANDREWS

PLANS OPEN 10 A.M. to 8 P.M.
FRIDAY 27th
A. R. KARDAR'S
Music: NAUSHAD
DASTAN
SURAIYA, RAJ KAPOOR, SURESH, ALNASIR & VEENA
A Kardar Films Ltd. Release
LIBERTY

Widespread Rain In Assam

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, October 22 (PTI): Following is the daily weather summary for Sunday, the 22nd October.

The depression at the head of the Bay of Bengal weakened and passed inland last night. It lies this morning as a diffuse low pressure area over eastern Pakistan. It may become unimportant while moving north-eastwards.

Rainfall has been widespread in Assam and occurred locally in Bihar, Tamilnad and Trvancore-Cochin A few showers have also been reported from West Bengal and Malabar-South Kanara.

Night temperatures continued to be below normal over the country outside Assam, Rajasthan and the extreme south of the peninsula. They were 4' — 10'F. below normal over the region extending from east Uttar Pradesh and Chota-Nagpur to Mysore and Deccan (Desh).

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 23RD:— Rainfall will be widespread in Assam and Sub-Himalayan West Bengal and occur locally in Tamilnad and Travancore-Cochin. A few falls of rain are also likely in Bihar, Gangetic West Bengal, coastal Andhradesa and Mysore. Isolated heavy falls may occur in Assam.

Night temperatures will rise in Tamilnad and the Punjab (I).

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from October 1, 1950, and departure from normal recorded at 0830 hours I.S.T. on October 22:

Ahmedabad 97 68 0 0 minus 0.2 Allahabad 90 60 0 0 minus 1.9 Bangalore 80 62 0 7.3 plus 2.6 Baroda 97 67 0 0 minus 1.6 Belgaum 83 58 0 8.2 plus 4.5 Bhopal 97 52 0 0 minus 1.5 Bhuj 97 69 0 0 minus 0.2 BOMBAY 90 73 0 1.4 minus 0.6 Calcutta 76 71 0 4.8 plus 1.0 Cochin 85 75 0.7 14.4 plus 4.9 Cuttack 85 72 0 1.0 minus 3.4 Darjiling 59 49 0.6 1.4 minus 3.4 Delhi 89 59 0 0 minus 0.3 Hyderabad (Dn.) 87 59 0 2.1 plus 0.3 Indore 91 57 0 0.1 minus 0.8 Jaipur 92 69 0 0 minus 0.4 Karachi — 71 0 0 0 Khandwa 94 60 0 0 minus 1.1 Lahore 90 60 0 0.6 minus 0.2 Lucknow 90 61 0 0.1 minus 1.1 Madras 89 71 0 5.9 minus 1.3 Mahabaleshwar 77 61 0 8.2 plus 3.0 Mysore 83 63 0 3.1 minus 2.0 Nagpur 91 59 0 0 5 minus 1.1 Ootacamund 67 45 0.3 8.3 plus 2.5 Pachmarhi 82 53 0 0.2 minus 1.8 Patna 89 69 0 0 minus 2.1 Peshawar 83 59 0 0 minus 0.2 Poona 90 58 0 2.8 plus 0.1 Rajkot 98 66 0 0 minus 0.4 Ranchi 80 62 0 1.1 minus 1.2 Simla 62 50 0 0.3 minus 0.7.

TODAY'S RADIO

MONDAY, Oct. 23.

AIR NEWS FROM DELHI

Bengali 7-30 a.m 2-50 p.m., 7-30 English 8 a.m. 1-30 p.m., 6 Gujerati 8-45 a.m. 7-45, 3-15, Hindi 8-15 a.m. 1-40 p.m., Malayalam 7-30 a.m. 7-30 p.m., Marathi 8-30 a.m. 12-50 p.m., Oriya 7-15 a.m. 1-10 p.m. 7-15, 8-15 p.m., Tamil 7-15 a.m. 2 p.m., 7-15 Telugu 7 a.m. 1-50 p.m., 7 Urdu 9 a.m. 8 p.m.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Mangal Prabhat, 7-40 Programme Summary, 7-45 Hindi by Radio, 8-15 Ram Marathe, Khayal, 12 p.m. Swami Vallabhdas, Alap, 12-50 Ninu Muzumdar, G. songs, 1-10 S. K. Abhyankar, Khayal, 1-40 Music for Dancing, 5-30 Ratnakant Ramnathkar, Hori, 5-45 Ramesh Prem, Been, 6-10 Ramesh Prem, Been, 6-30 Ram Marathe, Khayal, 7-10 Locals, 7-30 Manik Rao, Khayal, 7-45 For Industrial Workers, 8-30 Mogul ane Kangada Chitrashaili, 8-45 Song of the Month, 9-15 Ninu Muzumdar, L. G. songs, 9-30 English Folk-Music, 9-45 Bombay Diary, 10 Annie Get Your Gun.

VARIATIONS: 7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A, 8 Ramesh Prem, Been, 8-45 Ram Marathe, Marathi Pad, 1 p.m. For Women, 1-50 P. B. Nippanikar, Khayal, 5-30 Moharram, Vom 1 Shahadat, 6 Bhavgeet, 6-20 For the Villagers, Marathi, 6-50 For the Villagers, Kannada, 8-15 Hindi by Radio, 8-30 Economic Review, 8-45 Grihini, 9 Air Quartet, 9-30 Songs from Films, 9-45 Swami Vallabhdas, Alap Behag.

BARODA

8-15 a.m. Marathi songs, 8-30 Taslimkhan Raj Jussain, G. songs, 6-20 p.m. Ramdas Shivram, G. songs, 6-30 Programme for rural listeners, 7 Lessons in Hindi, 7-15 Employment for All, 7-30 Instrumental Trio. 7-45 S. K. Manohar, Vocal Music, 2 Amirbai Karnataki, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Prem Parag, 9-15 Allauddin Amirkhan, 9-30 Ramdas Shivram, 9-45 S. K. Manohar Khayal.

AHMEDABAD

8-15 a.m. Prabhakar Barve, G. songs, 6-20 p.m. As in Baroda, 6-30 Nari Nikunj, 7 Hindi Seekhen, 7-15 Saune Mate Roji, 7-30 Majoor Bhalo Mate, 8-5 Manjarika Dhru, 8-30 Prabhakar Barve, 8-45 Manjarika Dhru, 9-15 As in Baroda, 9-30 Apani Pasandgi.

Mill Manager Fatally Stabbed

2 ARRESTED ON SUSPICION

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mr. Nozer Mistry, the manager of the Colaba Lands and Mills Ltd., was found dead in the early hours of the morning today in the compound of the mill with stab wounds all over his body. While on his way to the mill from his residence, Mr. Mistry is alleged to have been set upon by some unknown assailants and assaulted by iron rods and knives. In critical condition, he was rushed to hospital, but he died on the way.

THREE ARRESTED

The Colaba Police have arrested three persons in this connection. All three of them are ex-employees of the mill and are stated to have had a grudge against the manager.

Help To Assam 'Quake Victims

CITY GOANS' MOVE

BOMBAY, Sunday.

REVEREND FATHER MASCARENHAS, Principal of the Sebastian High School, appealed to the Goans today to help the quake-stricken people of Assam not only as humanitarians, but also as Indian first and last.

Rev. Father Mascarenhas who was presiding over a meeting at the Jinnah Hall this morning of city Goans to demonstrate their sympathy to the victims of Assam earthquake "in a tangible form" said that the country was passing through a very critical phase and the sufferings of the people had been aggravated by a series of "natural causes".

"As every good son and daughter of the motherland, the Goans should come to the aid of their fellowmen. We should stand by our parent country as good children."

A representative Funds Committee with 26 members with power to co-opt seven outsiders was formed to collect contributions to the Assam Relief Fund with the target of Rs. 10,000 as the sum to be raised.

A sum of Rs. 101 was donated by Swami Dwarkanath Tirth, the head of the Saraswat Brahman community, for the relief of the quake victims.

Mr. De Silva moved the main resolution expressing sympathy with the people of Assam and resolving to contribute "to the best of our ability and resources to help in the relief of the poor stricken people of Assam."

Mr. De Silva speaking on the resolution said that nature had been very unkind to India. The Assam earthquake, he said, was almost unique in the history of the world in as much as the quake tremors had been felt continuously for more than a week. This meeting, he added, had given an opportunity to the Goans to prove that they were Indians and not Portuguese. He made a plea for collections to be raised from the Goan Clubs in the city.

Dr. Telo Mascarenhas asked the Goans to sink their petty differences and unite in helping the noble cause of stricken victims of Assam.

Mr. B. B. Borkar, the well-known Goan poet, appealed to the gathering to extend their helping hand to the sufferers in a humanitarian spirit even though the sum so raised be small.

Messrs. J. N. Kamat, Laxmidas Borkar and Miss Jayshree Amonker also spoke.

Bombay Governor's Visit To Miraj Concludes

MIRAJ, Oct. 22. (PTI): Raja Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay left here for Rahimatpur at noon today.

He paid a brief visit to the Miraj Co-operative Consumers' Society this morning and earlier listened to the representatives of the Deccan Manufacturers' Association at Miraj Guest House. They explained the "various difficulties" standing in the way of development of their industries.

The chief difficulties related to labour regulations, lack of raw materials and the increased taxes.

The Collector and other district authorities saw the Governor off at Miraj station

Journalist Delegation From Madhya Baharat

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Oct. 22.

Pandit Krishnakant Vyas M.P., Chief Editor of Nai Dunya, will lead Madhya Bharat's five-man delegation to the convention of Indian working journalists to be held shortly at New Delhi. The other members are B. Shukla (PTI, Gwalior), Iswarchandra Jain (Jagran Indore), Ratan Kumar (Nai Rah, Bhopal) and Suryanarayn Sharma (The Hindustan Times Indore).

Some alternate delegates have also been selected to deputise for any absentee member of the delegation.

The convention is scheduled to meet at Constitution House on October 28 and 29 under the presidentship of Mr. Chalapathi Rao, Editor of The National Herald, Lucknow.

Millionaire Refused Bail

NAGPUR, Oct. 22 (UPI): Seth Mathuradas Sardar, millionaire, who was arrested by the City Superintendent of Police for alleged profiteering in yarn has been refused bail by the Sessions Judge, Nagpur. He is detained in lock-up.

RECONSTRUCTION IN BOMBAY

Minister's Review

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Shri L. M. Patil, Minister for Reconstruction and Prohibition, broadcasting from the Bombay Station of All India, Radio tonght, revewed the progress made n respect of the various schemes in the 5-Year Reconstruction Plan sanctioned in 1947 by the Bombay Ministry.

An amount of Rs. 65 crores out of the total amount of Rs. 75 crores sanctioned for the plan was expected to be spent before the close of the current fianncial year, said the Minister. He said that Rs. 42 crores had already been spent on the various schemes up to the end of March 1950 and additional Rs. 23 crores would be spent during the current financial year.

The Minister also disclosed that there were 226 schemes in the 5-Year Plan and that out of Rs. 75 crores to be spent on these schemes, Rs. 23 crores were allotted to agricultural group of schemes, Rs. 25 crores to nation-building group and Rs. 27 crores to the other schemes.

"The initial difficulties have now been overcome and we expect greater speed and efficiency in the execution of schemes as we progress. In the meantime, our responsibilities have increased by the merger of several States into the State of Bombay with an area of 38,000 sq. miles and a population of 83 lakhs for whose administration and welfare we have now to provide," said the Minister

AHMEDABAD FOOD SITUATION GRAVE

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 22.

The food position in Ahmedabad and other districts has become acute, according to information received here.

The rationing system, it is indicated, is on the verge of breakdown. If immediate steps are not taken, it is feared, the situation may worsen. The Distirct Magistrate, Ahmedabad has warned the public to handover all ghost rationing cards within a week. Stern steps will be taken against those who are found guilty.

Information received from Mehsana district indicates that the food position in that district has become acute and for every two units, six lbs. of wheat and four lbs. of rice have been ordered to be given for one month to tide over the actuate situation.

INDIAN SCIENCE CONGRESS

Nehru To Attend 38th Session

BENGALORE, Oct. 22 (PTI-Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has consented to attend the thirty-eight session of the Indian Science Congress to be held here from January 2, 1951, it was learned here today.

Over two thousand scientists are expected to attend the session.

PRESIDENT PRASAD'S CALCUTTA VISIT

Appeal For Commercial Holiday

CALCUTTA Oct. 22. (PTI).

The President of the West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee Mr. Atulya Ghosh, appealed today to the State Government and various commercial firms in the city to close their offices on October 31 to enable the workers attend the public meeting to be addressed by the President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Mr. Ghosh said that this is the first visit of Dr. Rajendra Prasad to West Bengal as President of the Indian Republic. The Citizens of Calcutta should, therefore extend their heartv welcome to the honoured guest.

President At Dehra Dun

DEHRA DUN, Oct. 22, (PTI): President Rajendra Prasad, arrived here from Delhi this morning. He was received by prominent officials and non-officials of the district. The military provided a guard of honour.

U. N. Day Broadcast From Delhi

NEW DELHI, Oct. 22. (PTI): On the eve of the United Nations Day, AIR, Delhi will broadcast at 10-30 p.m. on October 23, the Un Nations feature entitled "under one flag".

On October 24, the United Nations Day a message by Mr. Trygve Lie will be broadcast at 8-45 a.m. Mr. K. P. S. Menon, Foreign Secretary to the Government of India, will broadcast a talk on "United Nations" at 9-30 p.m., and a radio report on the public function to be held in the Willingdon Pavilion New Delhi in connection with the U. N. Day, which will include the Prime Minister's public speech made on this occasion, will be broadcast a 10-00 p.m.

U.N. Week In Rajasthan

JAIPUR, October 22 (PTI): The U. N. Week Celebration was inaugurated here yesterday by the Home Minister of Rajasthan, Mr. Premnarayan, Mathur. He also opened an exhibition of United Nations posters and other literature.

3-Day Invasion Of Locusts

INDORE, Oct. 22, (PTI): A huge column of locusts has invaded the standing jowar crops in and around Neemuch town, about 175 miles from here, according to a report received here today.

It is stated that the invasion lasted more than three days and has caused severe damage to jowar crops.

Locusts were also seen at Depalpur, a tehsil town near Indore.

DON'T RESORT TO SATYAGRAHA

Dhebar's Call To Cultivators

RAJKOT Oct. 22, (PTI): Mr. U N Dhebar Chief Minister of Saurashtra, in a statement issued here today in connection with the agitation by a section of the cultivators—some have threatened satyagraha against the double land revenue assessment to be paid to Girasdars, advised the agitators to "think twice before creating a situation"

Mr. Dhebar said that the course of action contemplated by the agitators would not only render the girasdari problem more difficult but it would also make all the good work done so far by the Government to build up the strong foundation for prosperous agriculture in the khalsa and non khalsa areas, go waste.

"I am convinced" Mr. Dhebar said "that a wrong step at this juncture would prove more harmful—I apprehend suicidal—than these people think and I for one must make it clear that I shall never be a party to advise the peasantry to adopt a course which is fraught with such dangerous consequences to their interests"

Animal Welfare Delegation In Sholapur

SHOLAPUR, Oct. 22. (PTI): A public reception was recorded to "Animal Welfare Delegation" from England on its arrival here during the weekend, Captain S. P. Mohite, Collector of Sholapur, presided.

Dr. and Mrs Kapur Mr. Diem and Mr. Beskine members of the Delegation, urged the citizens to form mercy bands and introduce humane education in schoolastic institutions.

The delegation visited several schools They also saw institutions interested in animal welfare.

POSTPONED: The Madhya Bharat Hindu Mahasabha Conference which was to commence at Gwalior on October 25 has been postponed to the end of November

DEVELOPMENT OF HINDI

Pandit Mishra's Call To Literateurs

JAGDALPUR (Bastar), Oct. 22. (PTI): Pandit D. P. Mishra, Home Minister of Madhya Pradesh, said here yesterday that lovers of Hindi must realise that the mandate of the Constitution was not the end but only the beginning of their efforts.

Pandit Mishra was inaugurating the fourteenth session of the Madhya Pradesh Hindi Sahitya Sammelan. The Sammelan is presided over by Acharya Padamlal Pannalal Bakshi a noted Hindi writer, and is attended by leading literateurs in Hindi and other languages.

He said it was the responsibility of Hindi literateurs to develop the language in such a way that it might fulfil the needs of literature, legislation, science and research. By their study faith, spirit of service and generosity Hindi writes should present an ideal before the non-Hindi-speaking people so that the latter might be attracted more and more to the national language.

Mr. Padamlal Pannalal Bakshi, in his presidential address, spoke on the value of literary work which could be exploited to the service of humanity.

Seth Govind Das President of the Mahakoshal Congress, laid stress on broader outlook and greater co-ordination in the literary work.

Indian Medical Council

MADRAS, October 22 (PTI): The annual meeting of the Indian Medical Council will be held here on October 27 and 28.

Dr. B. C. Roy, West Bengal Chief Minister who arrives here on October 27 from Bangalore, is expected to attend the meeting.

Dr. K. S. Ray, President of the Council, arrived here by air from Calcuttta today.

Pakistan's Biggest a Boat Bridge

LAHORE, October 22 (PTI): The Pakistan (Punjab) Government have nearly completed what is claimed to be the worlds' longest boat bridge at Mithankot connecting Bahawalpur State with Dera Ghazi Khan District.

ESCAPE: Herr Hermann Philips, Chief of the Forestry Department of of the Ministry for Agriculture in Eastern Germany, has fled into the West Berlin sector the West Berlin paper "Tag" said on Sunday.

Evil Or Truth Are No Criteria Of Crime, Says Judge

MADRAS, October 22 (PTI): Mr. Justice Panchapagesa Iyer of the Madras High Court advised the Public Prosecutors of the State today to be only " public prosecutors and not private prosecutors." Where the law—substantive, procedural or evidentiary —would not warrant a conviction they should tell the Court so, he said.

Mr. Iyer, who was inaugurating the second annual conference of Assistant Public Prosecutors in Madras said that the main test whether an act was a crime or not was whether or not such an act was prohibited by the State. Evil of truth were not criteria of crime, the Judge observed. Thus, a man feeding a thousand hungry persons about to die on "unrationed rice" might commit a crime though he might not be a morally degraded person. A rich man might drain off all the water in a poor neighbour's well by wantonly digging yet he committed no crime—not even deeper well in his own compound, and yet he committed no crime—not even a civil wrong.

Similarly, the Judge said, an officer revealing military secrets to the enemy would be severely punished for revealing the truth.

Mr. Iyer replied to the various demands presented by the Public Prosecutors by saying that sooner or later, the various branches of the judiciary of the State were going to be integrated into one unit, and their demands would be sympathetically considered by the authorities.

A Dacoit At Large

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct 22.

Bhupat, a notorious dacoit is roaming in Dholaka taluka in a jeep with his gang wearing 'Jinnah' caps, it is reported. The police are unable to find out his hide-out yet.

Ornaments Disappear

BANARAS, Oct. 22. (PTI).

Ornaments worth about Rs. 30,000 belonging to Durga Temple in the Ram Nagar Fort of the Maharaja of Banaras are reported to have "mysteriously disappeared"

Swami Sivananda Saraswati

BANGALORE, Oct. 22. (PTI).

Swami Sivananda Saraswati of Rishikesh who is here on three day visit was accorded a civic reception by the Bangalore Municipal Corporation this evening.

The Bombay Chronicle

"ECONOMIC IMPERIALISM"

Marquis Childs, the American writer, deserves sympathy for his effort to understand the Indian point of view. Under conditions where there is considerable scope for misunderstanding, it is good that there should be efforts to understand unaccustomed points of view. On the whole, he has succeeded admirably in this. Mr. Childs, however, does us less than justice when he asserts barely that fear of American imperialism has determined India's foreign policy. It is true that Mr. Childs has explained this imperialism to mean not the "old-fashioned" imperialism but economic imperialism. But that does not seem adequate cause to make it a contributory influence to forming foreign policy in this country. The words "economic imperialism" needs further elucidation. The Indian attitude towards American aid is something subtler than mere fear of economic domination. It realises that outside assistance is necessary for the work of raising living conditions in this country; for obvious reasons, the only source for such assistance is the U.S.A.; and in these circumstances it is to our credit rather than otherwise that we feel reluctant to seek the aid when we may not be able to adopt policies which the U.S.A. would like us to pursue.

The best way of avoiding this awkward situation is for all assistance to be rendered through the channels provided by the United Nations. The suggestion contained in a report that Mr. Truman and General MacArthur have agreed to assist Asian nations, "not necessarily through the United Nations", is, therefore, the reverse of reassuring. It is little things like this which create distrust and which need to be corrected. We are further told that American assistance is to be specially directed in Asia towards Indo-China and the Phillippines. We can understand American interest in the Philippines but the feeling for Indo-China is a new and strange mood which threatens to feed French imperialist ambitions there. It is difficult to resist the impression that American aid is being made a benefit to be distributed in return for a certain political attitude, and that an attempt is being made to break the national spirit of Asian countries. Therefore, the apprehension is not so much of foreign domination as of the forces likely to be encouraged and let loose within a country which will not draw sustenance from the people.

Apart from the immediate consequences of this, there will be the inevitable weakening of Asian nations and an increase of the burden of maintaining peace on the American people. It is fully realised in India that there is no desire on the part of the U.S.A to build an empire. But it is also appreciated that this has its disadvantages. Whatever may be said of individual or national empire-builders, it cannot be maintained that they move forward without a plan for the countries they regard as their possible victims. Even Soviet Russia has a plan and the early post-war history of Korea amply demonstrates this fact. What is more, Russia has in most countries a band of trained Communists who aim at taking over and running the administration. The American approach is different because it depends greatly on working through the nationals of a country about whom it has not troubled to familiarise itself in advance. The margin of error is not only greater but it is error which works hardest against the country that comes under indirect American influence. If fear of the consequences of such a development may be referred to as fear of "economic imperialism", then understanding between America and India is not difficult. But because the phrase is capable of different meanings it is necessary to clarify what India means beyond doubt and misinterpretation.

A Narrow Outlook

In view of the momentum gathered by the 'Ceylon for Ceylonese' movement, we feel that foreigners and particularly Indians settled in the island will have to face difficult times in near future if nothing was done to save the situation. A distressing feature of this reactionary movement is that a few responsible ministers of the state have also been among its protagonists. One of them is Mr. A. E. Goonesinha. Addressing, the Ceylon Employers' Federation on October 20, he carried the doctrine of Ceylonisation to the extent of asking the Federation not to give employment to the non-Ceylonese people after November 1. As regards Indians, he stated that those employed after the talks held between Mr. Senanayake and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in 1947 should be replaced by the Ceylonese personnel; and then he gave a general directive that preference in employment should be given to the Ceylonese nationals by birth over those who might have acquired citizenship by registration. Indians will be hit hard by the doctrine enunciated by Mr. Goonesinha, because they form a large bulk of the immigrants. Evidently registration will have no value as in practice it is not likely to concede the rights of full citizenship to immigrants. The situation calls for immediate intervention by the Government of India to make sure whether officially it amounts to withdrawal of the assurance given by Mr. Senanayake to Pandit Nehru in 1947 that Indians even in the absence of acquired citizenship would be permitted to pursue their normal avocations. The Government should take necessary action if it finds on inquiry that Mr. Goonesinha's directives to the Employers' Federation were indicative of an impending change in the policy hitherto followed by Ceylon with regard to Indian immigrants.

In the world, constituted as it is today, foreigners will be found to have settled in almost all countries, and, this being the case, each such country should recognise it as its international obligation to protect the interests of foreigners engaged in honest vocations and to extend to them the rights which make up citizenship. Ceylon, since she claims to be a democratic state, cannot be expected to be oblivious to this fundamental principle of democracy. The freedom attained by her should not be taken as an authority to curtail or encroach upon the liberty and rights of foreign nationals. Narrow nationalism, which has proved to be a root cause of certain disastrous results, should no longer be a concept to be followed in the democratic order of the modern world, but in the case of Ceylon, there seems to be a move to stretch this sordid concept to the extreme of religion. Speaking to journalists the other day, Mr. S. W. R. D. Bhandaranaike, Health Minister and Leader of the House, declared that Ceylon should be recognised as a Buddhist country. The main arguments advanced by him in support of his thesis, were that more than two-third of the island's population was Buddhist and that the country was Buddhist in the past. The Health Minister ought to have given a thought in the interests of the non-Buddhist minorities which make one-third of the population. The trend of political thought in Ceylon gives enough ground for apprehension as regards the future not only of immigrants but also of the non-Buddhist minorities. The plight of minorities in Pakistan in consequence of their insistence upon building up an Islamic state should be a warning to Ceylon whose spokesman like Mr. Bhandaranaike are cherishing the ambition of turning her into a communal state. The geographical position of the island and its relations at least with neighbouring countries are the points which its responsible leaders must take into consideration before the surge of patriotic feelings or religious frenzy is allowed to influence the policies of its Government.

A Ray Of Hope?

A ray or hope is reported to have appeared at Lake Success the other day. Today the world will know whether it develops into a promise of some achievement. The U.N. Political Committee has adopted, and unanimously too, a recommendation—based on an original Iraq-Syrian resolution—to the "Big Five" to get together in order to tackle problems threatening world peace. Some of the Powers concerned were not particularly enthusiatic about the recommendation but the point is that it was not opposed by any one. Similarly, the Security Council has called upon the "Big Five" to meet and settle among themselves the question of an appointment to the post of Secretary-General. M. Vyshinsky sought to have the Big Fifth named as Communist China. But the British delegate appealed for patience. Let us hope it was in response to this appeal that M. Vyshinsky did not press his point and supported the resolution although with a shrug of his shoulders. "Big Five" are to meet today. If trouble arises over Chinese representation, that ray of hope, disappears. If the "Big Four" manage to avoid that trouble, the meeting may turn out to be the beginning of positive and welcome developments.

Thought For The Day

As the mutual shocks in society and the oppositions of interest and self-love have constrained mankind to establish laws of justice, in order to preserve the advantages of mutual assistance and protection; in like manner, the eternal contrarities in company of men's pride and self-conceit, have introduced the rules of good manners or politness, in order to facilitate the intercourse of minds and an undisturbed commerce and conversation.—Hume.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

MADRAS, Oct. 21. Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, Socialist leader said, ..here today the Socialist Party considered that the recent Bombay textile strike had been a "success".

He remarked that the strike had not been called off due to any defeatism. "The workers themselves felt that they should resume work and that was unanimously agreed upon" he added.—P.T.I.

* * *

Speaking at Vijayavada, Shrimati Kanchanalata Devi, Principal of the Women's College, Lucknow and a member of the Hindi Sahitya Sammelan's goodwill mission, has suggested that North Indians should make it a point to learn one of the major South Indian languagues in addition to the National language, Hindi.

Will the well-meaning, good lady try to realise that she is advocating the firm consolidation of North India's conquest by South India?

* * *

In the French National Assembly, when a Communist speaker demanded, that France should act in Indo-China as Britain had in India, the Premier, M. Pleven, said there was no comparison: The natonal leaders of India had never resorted to violence and had observed the agreements made with the British Government.

Oh, thanks. Merce.

The trouble, however is that the French don't act even in "Franch" India as the British did in India.

* * *

Declaring that in Indo-China there was a combined war of independence and civil conflict the "Washington Post" adds, "even if that has communist overtones, there can be no gainsayng its basic genuineness."

Shocking, shocking; that Asian truth coming out of the mouth of a Washington Post. The French must protest—supported by America, Britain, etc., etc.

* * *

A town in Southern Nigeria is reported to have witnessed a riotous clash bettween European-led police and Africans ex-servicemen when the police tried to arrest three of them on a change of unlawful assembly.

Impertinent, insolent, seditious traitorous African ex-servicemen. They must be punished very severly.

Eh? Sh—sh—don't let's try to inquire too closely into why they had become an unlawful assembly.

* * *

The U. N. Political committee has unanimously approved an appeal to the "Big Five" to have new talks in an effort to resolve problem threatening world peace, and it is also announced that the "Big Five", asked by the Security Council to try once more to decide on a candidate for U.N. Secretary General, will meet on Monday morning.

Splendid. Hurray.

Who is the Big Fifth?

Deadlock.

* * *

After personally directing the paratroop landing the other day, the U. N. Supreme, General MacArthur, made, said a Tokyo report a short visit to the smouldering North Korean capital. Pyongyang.

It has, however, not been announced whether or not he declared that the sight of the burning North Korean capital was good for his old eyes.

THE CONGRESS: THEN AND NOW

BY MRIDULA SARABHAI

"THE Indian National Congress, thirty years ago, under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi was a dynamic force; it was not only a political organisation, but something that swept us away and revolutionised the lives of millions and changed the face and character of India.

"To many of us it has become flesh of our flesh, a matter not of exteriors, but of intense feeling, binding intellect with faith. Therefore, whatever happens to it is bound to deeply affect us, our actions and our lives. The achievements of the Congrss not only influenced Indian history but added many glorious chapters to it. So, those of us who are in the Congress were not only onlookers but actors in the great historic drama that was staged by Mahatma Gandhi under its auspices. We were not a handful, but millions participated in making the history of new India."

The Epic Story

Thus spoke Jawaharlal to the youth assembled at Nasik. To most of them these words might have sounded strange or unfamiliar. To most people, who had read the history of India or an account of the deeds of kings, heroes and usurpers, who had heard thrilling stories about the great politicians of the past and their States craftsmanship and exciting stories of heroism in blood conflicts for power, the significance of the epic story of the Gandhian age struck responsive chords. A masterly pen is needed to stir the spirit and imagination of youths.

To us, as we sat there, the words of Jawaharlal Nehru revealed a panorama of events. Nehru seemed to express and echo our feelings. We seemed to get at the cause of our depression, at the roots of our spiritual and intellectual conflict.

"Look here. By all means, go and join the Congress if you like; accept Gandhi and Nehru as your leaders. But beware of one thing. All that glitters is not gold. All those who talk of idealism and sacrifice and what not, are not always true to their words or loyal to Gandhi or Nehru. Let not your enthusiasm and your hero-worship make you a blind follower of Congressmen and Khadi-wearers in general. Be loyal to the cause, to the objectives, to the goal and as for working with your colleagues, be alert. Don't forget that even those whom you accept as leaders and with whom you choose to work are also human beings. Their greatness and charm lies in their human failings and strength. Let not your hero-worship make them god-like before you and impose on them inhuman greatness which must land you into disappointments. If you remember this, you will never feel frustrated or disillusioned."

Such were the words of caution from father when I broke to him the news of having joined the ranks of Satyagrahis in 1930.

The Difference

Such was the esteem in which we held the Congress and Congressmen when we were at the treshold of youth. The message of the Congress and working in the Congress was intoxicating. They almost had a magnetic power over the generations of 1920, 1930 and subsequent comers.

The leadership and the rank and file of the Congress of the nineteen twenties differed to a great extent from those who joined its ranks in 1930, 1937, 1942, and 1945. Every struggle was the source of new cadets but what was the difference? Nineteen-twenty was just the beginning of the Gandhian era. Majoroty of those who joined the Congress at that stage had already qualified themselves for their chosen careers; some had settled down and others were just starting their life. Gandhi's coming into the Indian politics was an earthquake to all those who were like shouldering volcanoes fuming under the indignation of foreign domination. They broke away from their old life and pursuits and found themselves in the Congress. They came with the background of training and experience.

Training Ground

We the cadets of 1930 and thereafter had a different soil from which we drew our strength and sustenance. The children of pre-1920 and those born during the Gandhian age were surrounded by an environment which has no parallel in recent age; whether they were moved by the 'Vanar Sena' or 'Yuvak Sangh' or the 'Vidyarthi' movement, it just did not matter. Children in the struggle or outside it, even when brought up in sheltered surroundings, were all infected by the spirit of the age. Even though we went to schools and colleges our primary object was how to become good 'sainiks' for the struggle of independence and not to acquire learning or become scholars.

We scorned at the book-worms and considered those who did not answer the call of the nation as black-sheep. Our training ground was no longer the premises of the schools or colleges, but the streets and lanes of the innumerable towns and villages where the struggle for independence was going on. Our growth, therefore, was like that of a cactus, like that of a wayside rose. If, then, today the elders of the Congress lose patience with us and find us not rising up to their expectations in efficiency and mode of work, and, on our part if we are shocked at this attitude, is there any surprise in it? This was the state of our mind at the end of the last struggle in 1945.

Now, even though many of them have been lost to the organisation yet they do still form the real backbone of the Congress and can rise to the needs of the occasion under a dynamic leadership.

Other Forces

For the first time in 1937, it was realised that the Congress might wrench power from the foreigner and mould the destiny of the nation. Cautiously, other forces that had kept miles away from the Congress fold came in. Just then the last struggle was launched. The brunt of the whole struggle fell on others, yet these forces were also there. They, in their turn, again were more experienced in wordly affairs. They were careerists and to them the work of the Congress was much more game of manoeuvres. The number of these increased in leaps and bounds as soon as the Congress became a 'safe' organisation and an agency for acquiring power.

Thus, from 1945 onwards when the need for a strong unbending leadership and workers to build up the Congress organisation was supreme one found the organisation neglected and exposed to the machinations of exploiters. The architects of the Congress were busy forging out the transfer of power that made India independent.

The leadership wavered, between those who wanted to pursue the objectives for which the Congress and the nation stood during all these years of trial and stress and those who felt that it was time to adopt the method of practical politics and not give undue weight to idealistic considerations.

Later, they wanted to achieve this without getting the Congress verdict on it. Gandhi was all for the pursuit of the original objectives and had the Congress leadership as a whole given him the support he so badly needed, the country could have been saved from many a trouble that accompanied the dawn of independence. Let it not be said that it was the fault of the leadership alone; the rank and file of the Congress also lost their balance and understanding of real issues.

His Sacrifice

The circumstances in the country at the time, no doubt, called for solidarity in action, and however much one might regret the events that followed, yet one cannot but fail to marvel at the magnificent spirit of merger of personal reactions and self to the national interests that Gandhi and other leaders have shown during the first few months of crisis. A careful study of Babu's prayer speeches show how deep the conflict of under-currents were. Yet they pulled together. The credit goes to Gandhi who preferred to fall a victim to 'Samudra Manthan' and 'Visha pan' than to force his way on some of the unwilling administrators, his colleagues. Opinions differ as to the propriety of his sacrifice and of others who are following the thorny path. Whether it really saved the country from disruption or their assertion was called for can only be answered by passing of time and the future historian.

(This is the first of a series of six articles on the Indian National Congress).

GRIM STORY OF FRENCH SET-BACK

War Strategist Hears Eye-Witness Reports

HAIPHONG, (Indo-China), Oct. 22. (PTI-Reuter): The men who came back from Caobang yesterday told France's visiting Number One war strategist General Alphonse Juin, their grim stories of the major Indo-China's frontier reverse in this month s bloody battle with Vietminh rebels.

Juin, continuing his investigations of Northern Indo-China's serious military situation, flew from Hanoi to Haiphong and jeeped twenty miles over tortuous roads to meet the war-weary, thin bearded survivors.

In the fierce tropic sun lean-faced Frenchmen and North Africans, some swathed in bandages, stood stiffly to attention while the General, with French Minister of Indo-China Associated States, congratulated them.

Then with General Marcel Carpentier, French Commander-in-Chief in the Far East, they decorated 77 of them—two as officers of the Legion of Honour, five as chevaliers of the Legion of Honour, twenty with the Medaille Militaire, and fifty with the Crois de Guerre.

The pathetic group of men, still in battle green uniform stained with red mud and worn thin in the jungle and mountains, lined the main street of the ruined town of Doson, south of Haiphong, where in convalescent camps they are recuperating beside the shores of the Tonkin Gulf.

A French sergeant said: "Just forty-nine of my company of 142 North African Goumiers battled through the ambushes to Thatkhe. I had two rounds left in my sub-machine-gun. That was all the ammunition we had left when we arrived".

Other officers and men told similar accounts of being overwhelmed by numerically superior and well-organised Vietminh forces.

Stragglers were still reaching the French lines.

RAF Bomber On Round The World Trip

KHARTOUM, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): Royal Air Force Lincoln bomber "Aries" landed at Khartoum yesterday from Britain on a round the world flight which it hopes to complete in twenty-eight days.

SABHA WOOS LEFTISTS TO FIGHT CONGRESS

Invitation To Non-Hindus Proves A Damp Squib

NAGPUR, Oct. 22 (PTI).

DR. N. B. KHARE, President of the Akhil Bharat Hindu Maha Sabha, said here today that the HinduMahasabha was going to contest the General Eletions.

He told the PTI that the election programme would be finalised at the Party's annual conference to be held at Poona on December 30, 31 and January 1 next.

The Hindu Mahasabha President said that he was prepared to join hands with any left party in the course of General Elections to "throw the Congress out of power".

Replying to a question, Dr. Khare said that non-Hindus-Muslims, Christians etc—were allowed to join the Hindu Mahasabha on certain conditions. "Those who are willing to join the Hindu Mahasabha must agree to the ideology of the Hindu Rashtra and they must accept the legislative programme chalked out by the Hindu Mahasabha.

"So far no non-Hindus have enrolled themselves n the party.

The Hindu Mahasabha President reitrated that the Kashmir problem would "never be solved" if it was not withdrawn from the Security Council. The Security Council wanted to please both parties in the case and therefore the earlier the case was withdrawn the better.

"If the Indian Government are not willing to do this, they should impress upon the Security Council to name Pakistan as the aggressor in Kashmir and demand the Council to treat Pakistan on par with North Korea", Dr. Khare said.

FILM ENQUIRY IN NAGPUR

Editor On what Press Can Do

NAGPUR, Oct. 22. (PTI).

The two-day session of the Film Enquiry Committee concluded here today after recording evidence from about 15 prominent public men State Government officials, exhibitors and distributors, educationists, social and cultural workers.

Everyone who gave evidence before the Committee generally pleaded for an all-round improvement of the Indian film to make it an affective medium of social culture and education. Some criticised the present standards of films from the point of view of artistic, ethical and moral effects.

Mr. A. D. Mani, Editor "the Hitavada" and General Secretary of the All India Newspaper Editors Conference, who gave evidence before the Committee today felt that the Standing Committee of the A I N E C as well as several Press Advisory Committees could exercise considerable influence in preventing journals from indulging in scurrilous publications.

The Chairman of the Film Enquiry Committee, Mr. S. K. Patil was not present at today's session as he left Nagpur last night.

BE READY FOR WAR ON U.S. SOIL

Mr. Sawyer's Warning

NEW YORK, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): United States Commerce Secretary Charles Sawyer, last night warned Americans to prepare for the possibility that the next war might be fought on American soil.

He was speaking to veterans of foreign wars.

"Many of our people have thought of war in the last 40 years only as some horrid contest which takes place outside the United States and which we always win".

Mr. Sawyer said: "We should think about war as a possibility here at home and—unless we are well-prepared—as a war which we might lose".

The Commerce Secretary called for increased production on the home front, the key to preparedness for any war which might be fought on American soil.

Victory in Korea did not justify a hope for a return of "business as usual" in the United States he said. The Government might have to take "some strong steps" to control the "mounting spiral" of prices and wages.

JAPAN WANTS SHARE OF SACRIFICES

TOKYO, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): The President of the Japanese House of Councillors Naotake Sato said in a broadcast on Friday that Japan must share the sacrifices necessary to safeguard the world from aggression.

He was speaking as President of the United Nations Association in Japan which is observing a "United Nations Week."

Japan depend upon the United Nations as the "sole hope and citadel" for her national protection, he said.

"We hope that we shall be permitted to return to the family of nations before long," he added.

U. N. MAIN HOPE OF WORLD PEACE'

CANBERRA, Oct. 22. (PTI-Reuter): Dr. Herbert Evatt former President of the United Nations General Assembly, said today that United Nations intervention in Korea had convinced many sceptics that it was the main hope of the world peace.

In a statement on the fifth anniversary of the United Nations Dr. Evatt, leader of the Australian Opposition, stated: "I am convinced that the United Nations will succeed provided it is treated as an affair not merely of governments, but of men, women and children in all countries.

"I pay special tribute to Secretary-General Trygve Lie" he added.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Significant Conference

The Prague Conference spells trouble. The fact that it was called on Soviet initiative and that M. Molotov himself came out of "purdah", as it were, to represent the Soviet Union at the Conference, emphasises the significance of the meeting, attended by all the "Iron Curtain" countries. The main and declared purpose of the Conference was legitimate enough. It was a demand addressed to the United States, Britain and France that, in accordance with the potsdam Agreement, a peace treaty should be concluded with a United Germany and foreign troops withdrawn within a year of its conclusion and, that, again in accordance with the Potsdam Agreement, measures must not be taken to rearm Germany. All this is legitimate, although the Soviet Union itself has not strictly, carried out agreements regarding rearming Germany. For, the police in the Soviet occupied Eastern Germany recruited beyond all proportion to the needs, has been militarised. It is virtually an army. What the Western Powers are discussing among themselves for Western Germany is the same thing, but to be done openly and without disguise. They have, however, trouble among themselves because there is French opposition to the proposal of rearming Germany. And German Social Democrats too are not in favour of it. But the Prague Conference has certainly created a ticklish situation. This is one important aspect of the conference. But, besides the apparent and declared aspect, there is an undisclosed aspect also of the Prague Conference. What else did M. Molotov and his East European colleagues discuss? That question is equally important and serious.

Extending Bus Routes

The extension of the "O Route Limited Stop Bus Service" to Bandra Talkies which has been announced by the Traffic Manager of the BEST Undertaking, is a step which will be welcomed by the suburban public. Ever since the "O Route" ceased to run beyond Mahim, the congestion on the Flora Fountain-Jogeshwari line has been very heavy. The troubles of changing at Mahim, with the uncertainty of securing timely connections, made it almost impossible for passengers to avail themselves of the various city lines terminating at Mahim. The result was an interminable wait at the Fountain bus stop for the "A3 Limited" buses. Intending passengers between five and seven in the evening were generally regaled by hawkers selling gram and ground-nuts, whilst they imbibed the fumes of the little fires which these men carried on their baskets. Beggars added to the burdens of waiting, importunately demanding alms from the men and women who had no escape from them. It would have been well if the old "O Route" to Andheri had been revived, thus accommodating passengers beyond Bandra who have now the prospect of being carried a couple of stages beyond the Mahim limit. Something should also be done to improve the internal bus service in Bandra, where it is quite a common sight to see scores of passengers waiting outside the station for buses that are long in coming.

Figures And Facts

Statistics, it has been said, are mysterious. If you increase your production from 100 units to 200, you can boast of a cent per cent increase; but when, again, from 200, you come down to 100, you have only suffered a 50 per cent decrease. Recently, there has been much wrangling on the international plane. Soviet "experts" contend that the U.N. statisticians only include Russian figures in order to cover up their own fears at the collapse of capitalist countries, as indicated by the price to extract any meaning from Soviet figures. Mr. Stuart A. Rice, formerly chairman of the U.N. Statistical Commission, has indicated that it is very difficult to extract any useful information from Russian statistics. "If," he writes, "coal production is set at 100 in 1946 and it was 148 in 1949, we still do not know how many tons were mined in either year. Was the goal for oil production—103 per cent fulfilled in 1949—25,000,000 tons, 30,000,000 or 35,000,000? Was the engineering goal—106 per cent fulfilled—a goal for heavy equipment, for construction or for graduates in technology?" There is one instance which is likely to become a byword in Soviet economics. Writes the "Baltic Review", "It is reported from the Tambov region: 'Some kolkhozes obtained 3 to 4 eggs yearly from every hen. Only one (the Shpikulov) district boasted of its achievement in poultry farming—there every hen yielded no less than 16 eggs yearly' (Izvestia August 1, 1950). Don't be surprised, "warns the "Baltic Review", "if next year you read that the kolkhozes have increased their output of eggs by 100 per cent. That is quite within the range of possibility."

Dr. Wehrer's Tribute

Housewives in India are the world's healthiest womenfolk. This was the compliment paid in Indian womanhood by an American health specialist, Dr. Roland Wehrer, who visited India in the course of an extensive world tour undertaken by him to study domestic hygiene. While denouncing high heels and tight garters worn by American women, he has commended to them the Indian habits, observed by him among women, of walking barefoot or wearing sandals, sleeping on the floor and sitting on the floor while taking meals. Dr. Wehrer has come to the conclusion that such simple customs, which have continued through ages, are hygienic and serve as a preventive against certain diseases. There was a time when such Indian customs were ridiculed by foreigners as primitive and unhygienic; but now it seems freedom makes all the difference, and the attitude of supersitious dislike on the part of Westerners towards everything Indian is fast changing into one of appreciation and also of admiration. What Dr. Wehrer has observed in India is the ways of living upto Nature and devoid of artificialities: and his findings should, in a way, be taken as India's contribution to the study of the problems of health and hygiene.

Cominform Plea Only Bait To The Credulous

WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR'S POSERS TO RUSSIA

OSLER (British Zone, Germany) October 22 (PTI-Reuter).

WEST GERMAN Chancellor Dr. Karl Adenauer said today the four demands on Germany addressed to the Western Powers by the eight 'Cominform' Foreign Ministers in Prague were "only directed at credulous people".

Each of the demands he countered with a question.

To the first — the Governments of the United States, Britain, France and the Soviet Union should declare they will not accelerate remilitarisation of Germany — Dr. Adenauer asked: "As remilitarisation in an intensive form is only taking place in the Soviet Zone, will the East Zone People's army be dissolved?"

Second — that all restrictions hindering the development of German industry should be removed — Dr. Adenauer asked "is the industry in the east zone no longer to be plundered or are its products in future to be handed over to East Zone inhabitants?"

WITHDRAWAL

The Cominform third point demands in part that occupation forces should be withdrawn from Germany one year after the conclusion of a peace treaty.

Dr. Adenauer wanted to know whether Soviet occupation troops "would be withdrawn from the German frontier to an extent corresponding to the distance of America from Germany".

The Cominform fourth point demanded that West Germany should form a Constituent Council for the whole of Germany.

Dr. Adenauer replied: "The conditions for formation of a "Constitutent Council" are free elections in Germany. Is it not extraordinary that such a proposal should be made after the mock elections on October 15 in the Soviet zone?"

COMPETITION: The Ministry of Agriculture has decided to organise a bungalow compound garden potato competition during the present showing season among all residents of both Delhi and New Delhi. Three prizes will be awarded to first three competitors who have produced the maximum yield. The first will be the President's Cup, the second the Prime Minister's Cup and the third will be the Agriculture Minister's Cup.

Stop Press

HUNGARIAN ELECTIONS

BUDAPEST, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): Hungarians today elected 220,000 village, city and county council members from a single list of candidates.

Late this afternoon at least 95 per cent of the electorate had gone to an orderly polling casting votes "yes" or "no" in sealed envelopes.

Official quarters said that only one third of the candidates to the Councils were members of the Workers (Communist) Party. The rest were members of the parties merged in the independent peoples front or independents.

PONTECORVO ESCAPE SEQUEL

LONDON, October 22 (PTI-Reuter): A British Foreign Office spokesman said tonight that "all appropriate action" was being taken in connection with the journey from Britain of the Italian-born atomic scientist Bruno Pontecorvo.

It was understood in usually well-informed quarters in London tonight that the action contemplated by the Foreign Office to investigate the case was to call for reports from the British Embassies in Rome, Stockholm and Helsinki and to send counter espionage agents to Scandinavia to report on the position.

MOSCOW'S MOVE IN PRAGUE

Blatant Propaganda, Says Britain

LONDON, Oct 22 (PTI-Reuter): A British Foreign Office spokesman today described as "a blatant propaganda move" last night's Prague declaration on a United Germany by the Soviet Union and seven other Communist nations of Eastern Europe.

He recalled that the Western Powers less, than a month ago, appealed to the Soviet Union on behalf of West Germany for All-German elections. There had been no answer.

The Communist declaration, issued after a two-day conference in Prague, called for the establishment of a Constituent Council chosen "on the basis of parity" between representatives of East and West Germany.

The Foreign Office spokesman said this was "absurd since more than two-thirds of Germany's total population lived in Western Germany.

"The fact that the Eastern bloc made their declaration to the world and not directly to the Governments concerned is a clear indication of a propaganda move," he added.

West Indies Team For Australia?

TRINIDAD, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): The Secretary of the West Indies Cricket Board of Control has refused to confirm a Trinidad newspaper report that the Board had decided to invite the Australian cricket team to the West Indies in 1951-52.

He said, however, that a statement on the subject was to be issued next week.

Last month the Australian Board decided to invite the West Indies to play in Australia in 1951-52.

CONFERENCE: A "South India Hindu Mahasabha Conference" consisting representatives of all provincial branches of the Hindu Mahasabha in South India will be held in Madras on November 26 and 27, it is learnt. Dr. N. B. Khare President of the All India Hindu Mahasabha, will attend the conference.

CLOSER CONTACT WITH MASSES

Best Medium Is Hindi Says President

DEHRA DUN, Oct. 22. (PTI).

President Dr. Rajendra Prasad today, addressing the students of the Doon School said that the institution should have closer intergration with the life of the people of the country. This integration, he added, implied that the medium of instruction should be a language of the people of India—Hindi.

The President was addressing the students on the occasion of the celebration of the founders' day of the school

The Doon School was founded fifteen years ago by the late S. R. Das, a Bengal educationist.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad said though there were difficulties in making Hindi the medium of instruction attempts should be made to overcome them as soon as possible. He however, did not mean that English should be eliminated. He said he implied that the notion that "English is the medium of attaining power and position should gradually disappear. It should not be treated as the sole badge of respectability and culture. On the contrary, children of this institution should grow up in the belief that they would be able to fulfil the mission of their lives only if they are proficient in the language which the vast majority of the common people of this land speak and understand.

The President said that the psychological gulf between English educated and other people of this country should completely disappear. He urged "immediate adoption of Indian literature as the main subject of literary study".

The President cautioned the students against developing sense of exclusiveness or superiority complex. This was one of the criticism against the public school.

The President and party left for Delhi tonight by train.

Mrs. Pandit Visits Lincoln's Birthplace

LOUISVKILLE (Kentucky) Oct. 22 (PTI): Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador to the United States paid a week-end visit to the birthplace of Abraham Lincoln and neighbouring Kentucky towns during which she was honoured by the International Centre of Louisville University for her "struggle" in the cause of universal peace and justice," cables Mr. D. P. Wagle, PTI correspondent.

Mrs. Pandit visited the log cabin at Hogenville where Lincoln was born and placed a wreath at the shrine of the great American "emancipator."

LIVING INDEX: The cost of living index number in Akola appreciated by two points to 167 during August 1950, according to the statistics of the Labour Bureau, Government of India. In Jubbulpore, the index number dropped by one point to 154 during the same period as the result of a sharp fall in the price of "pan".

Discus Record

FORT ELIZABETH, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): Fortune Gordien of the United States is considered to have set a world mark for throwing the discus with both the right and left hands by recording an aggregate of 279 feet eight and a half inches here yesterday.

Competing for the United States touring athletics team against Eastern Province, he threw 168 feet one and a half inches with his right hand and 111 feet 7 inches with his left. The United States team won the contest by twelve events to two.

Gordien had previously recorded 273 feet two and a half inches in the right and left hand throw.

Kher's Plea To Fight Ignorance

POONA, October 22, (PTI): The fight against ignorance, superstitions and age-old traditions was much more difficult than the battle for freedom which they fought under the guidance of Mahatma Gandhi, said Mr. B. G. Kher Chief Minister of Bombay, opening the village school building at Khanapur near Khadakvasla this evening.

Earlier Mr. Kher inspected the village improvement work carried out by villagers. He pointed out that it was essential to develop the potential energies of students belonging to the so-called backward classes who, he said, were like a fallow land where manuring and irrigation were bound to yield remarkable results.

RENAISSANCE IN LITERATURE

The Trail Blazed By Bharati

BOMBAY Sunday.

Enthusiastic speakers today paid homage to the memory of Subramanya Bharati, at a function organised by the Bombay Tamil Sangham which made the day not only an occasion for speech-making, but a means of encouraging the young in elocution and essay-writing by awarding prizes for the best essays and speeches.

At this morning's session "Kambadasan" spoke feelingly about the poet's high confidence in the importance of his own mission and recited a poem where he boldly affirms his own immortality even when the very gods whom we worship perish with the dust of age.

Mr. Ramayya who presided today spoke on the renassance of Tamil letters. He identified progressiveism with the battle against fear of death. He developed the thesis that a cataclysmic upheaval shook the world when men's minds cowered beneath a Great Fear. Out of the embers of a vanished era, the new age took shape, and the literature of rennaissance reflected the awareness of the dawn of revolution. He said that Bharati was the high priest of the new movement in Tamil.

PLEA FOR SANSKRIT

TRICHY, Oct. 22 (PTI): Mr. N. Raghunatha Iyer, Assistant Editor, the "Hindu", Madras and President of the South Indian Journalists' Federation, urged here today the early establishment of an All India Sanskrit University to promote Sanskrit knowledge and culture and make known to the public the rich treasures in ancient Sanskrit literature.

Mr. Iyer who was presiding over a Sanskrit Pandits' Conference, said that all Sanskrit "Parishads" and "Sammalenams" should be affiliated to this University.

The Conference welcomed the idea of an All India Sanskrit University sponsored by Mr. Sampurnananda of the United Provinces.

CONGRESS ELECTIONS IN ANDHRA

Patil's Deputy To Supervise

VIJAYWADA, Oct. 22 (UPI): The Congress Panchayat elections in Andhra would be completed before the end of November under the supervision of Mr. G. B. Mahashabade, General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and special Deputy of Mr. S. K. Patil, Special Officer in charge of the A.P.C.C., Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C. told pressmen here.

He also said that Mr. Purushottamdas Tandon, Congress President had agreed to unveil the bust of Mr. Prakasam at Vijayawada, but no date had been fixed yet.

Police "High-Handedness" Alleged In Patna

PATNA, Oct. 22 (UPI).—A resolution protesting against the "high handedness" of the police in dealing with the cloth dealers in course of the anti-hoarding and anti-blackmarketing campaign was adopted at a meeting of the cloth dealers of Patna.

Mr. Khem Chandra Choudhury, General Secretary of the Bihar Chamber of Commerce regretted that in the course of their raids on cloth shops, officers committed "acts of excesses."

Beggars Fall Out Over Booty

CALCUTTA, Oct. 22 (UPI).—One person was fatally wounded and another seriously injured as a result of a clash between two groups of beggars who fell out over the booty of gambling Pilkhana area in Howrah this evening. The injured person was removed to a hospital.

Four arrests have so far been made.

200 U.S. PRISONERS SHOT BY REDS

North Korea Admits Fall Of Capital

SEOUL, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): Bullet-pierced bodies of sixty American prisoners have been discovered by South Korean troops in the Sunchon area, according to a report received by United States Eighth Army Headquarters from South Korean sources.

The report was received through South Korean Military Advisory Group channels.

It added that inhabitants of Sunchon (about thirty miles north-east of Pyongyang) informed troops of the execution of a total of 200 American prisoners there.

They said other prisoners were still on a train not far north of Sunchon.

American military authorities are investigating the report.

LONDON: Two days after the capture of the North Korean capital, Pyongyang by United Nations troops, the North Korean army issued a communique saying "the enemy succeeded in breaking into Pyongyang", at the cost of heavy losses.

The communique, according to a Tass Soviet News Agency message reaching Ondon said units of the North Korean army had been "waging defensive battles in the environs of the city."

COLOMBIAN HELP

BOGOTA, (Colombia): Colombian Foreign Minister Gonzalo Restrepo Joramillo confirmed yesterday that the Government proposed to send a thousand troops to join United Nations forces in Korea.

Commenting on a report in the conservative paper El Siglo he said: "Certainly it is planned to send a thousand but the Government is considering whether it should call for volunteers or send regular troops".

(It was reported in Washington early this month that Colombia had offered the United Nations a frigate for use in the Korea campaign, and the offer had been accepted.)

WAR IN KOREA

(Continued from Page 1)

flew about 600 troops from England to Japan, ended today.

Ground staffs which have been handling the Royal Air Force Hastings transport planes at Manila and in Japan are returning home.

United Nations troops are still mopping up in rear areas, where strong forces of Communists continue to hold out in the hills, and even in some towns.

The east coast road, along which the South Koreans sped hundreds of miles north across the 38th Parallel, has been cut in several places by Communist tanks.

The Northerners hold part of Samchok, about 35 miles south of the 38th Parallel, and 2,000 guerillas yesterday entered Yangyang, just above the parallel, cutting communication.

Two thousand more North Koreans from a force of about 15,000 in the hills in the centre of the peninsula came down the coast about 30 miles south of Wonsan yesterday.

SOVIET CLAIM

MOSCOW: Seroei Borzenko, 'Pravda' correspondent in Korea, wrote today that Pyongyang "continues to fight the hated enemies of the Korean people."

He wrote in the Communist Party newspaper, "As a result of many days of stubborn battles in the forward areas, the combined American-British Japanese invaders, with the support of Syngman Rhee bands, succeeded in breaking through to the city.

U.S. TROOPS MOWED DOWN?

United Nations troops have found the bodies of 74 American prisoners mown down by Communist machine guns after being taken off a northbound train ten miles north of Sunchon, in North Korea.

This was announced tonight by Brigadier General Frank Allen, Assistant Commander of the American First Cavalry Division.

Reports from the front said 25 survivors were fround by a tank and infantry force which thrust out last night to chase the prisoner train.

These reports said 250 Americans were crammed into a goods wagons. When the train broke down in a tunnel the prisoners were taken into a ravine and massacred.

General Allen said the rest of the prisoners had not been found.

Troops of the South Korean Sixth Division were said to be eight miles north of Sunchon, which is about 30 miles north-east of Pyongyang. This is the most northerly point at which United Nations forces have been reported in the drive beyond the capital.

On the east coast the South Korean Capital Division has pushed forward about ten miles from Sinpo and captured the town of Iri.

Air observers reported seeing North Korean tanks, trucks and troops moving north-east towards the frontier from Sinanju about 45 miles north of Pyongyang.

Most of their movement was on a road which follows the course of the Chongchon river and passes through the important centre of Huichon.

TARGETS BLASTED

Firefly planes operating from the British carrier Theseus last Friday blasted military targets in the Chungju and Sonchon areas on the North Korean west coast, it was announced today.

UNIDENTIFIED BROADCAST

SEOUL: An unidentified broadcast heard here last night urged all "patriotic people" to fight to the last against the "imperialist American aggressors".

The speaker said the Korean people would fight because they knew what would happen if the American imperialists and the Syngman Rhee regime took over their cities and villages.

Farmers would lose their land and labourers would lose their rights as human beings, the commentator declared.

Fresh Copyright Convention

EXPERTS MEET IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter).—International copyright experts meeting here tomorrow are expected to recommend abolition of existing discrimination against British publishers in United States copyright laws.

The experts, representing fifteen nations, plan to draft a new universal copyright convention during a two-wee conference sponsored by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation.

A UNESCO official said that Britain, supported by most delegates, would seek more protection for British and Commonwealth authors and publishers, and press for revisions in United States regulations.

The main target of British criticism, it was said, would be the "manufacturing" clause under which imported English language books are not given complete copyright protection unless the books are printed or manufactured in the United States.

FRANCO VISITS CANARY ISLANDS

First Visit Since Civil War

TENERIFS, (Canary Islands) Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): General Francisco Franco, Spanish Chief of State, accompanied by his wife and five Spanish Cabinet Ministers arrived here today in the 10,000-ton cruiser Canarias.

He is to attend the last phase of Spanish naval exercises which began a week ago.

General Franco is expected to review the combined fleets at the end of the exercise and to visit the islands.

It is his first visit to the Canary Islands since he left here in July 1936, in a British chartered plane to lead Spanish troops in Morocco in the Nationalist rising which started the Spanish civil war and brought him to power.

RUSSIA & PERSIA AGREE ON TRADE

Pact To Be Signed

LONDON, Oct. 22, (UPI): A trade pact between Persia and the Soviet Union is reported to be imminent after seven weeks of secret talks.

Usually reliable Teheran sources state both parties have agreed on quantities and prices and are anxious to start business at once.

Soviet railway wagons are reported to have arrived at the Persian border and to be already unloading the first consignment of sugar.

The Russians, according to these sources are reported to have agreed to deal exclusively with five Persian Government companies to be established in the five northern provinces and not to deal with consumer or private undertakings direct.

Persia is reported to have agreed to Russia's proposal that, when trade is resumed, a joint Soviet-Persian Commission shall decide the future of eleven tons of Persian gold and eight million dollars held in the vaults of the Moscow State Bank since the war years.

FOREIGN MARKETS

Stock Exchanges

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.

Stock Exchange open prices: Anaconda Copper Mining 37, General Motors (new stock) 51-1|2, United States Steel Common 41-1|8, United States Steel preference unquoted.

London Bullion

LONDON, Oct. 21.

Silver spot and forward closed.

Gold bars fine per ounce closed.

London Exchanges

T.T. London on New York 2.7987 to 2.8012.

India 1|5.94 to 1|6.06, New York on India closed.

DISCOUNTS: Bank Bills three months 11|16 percent, six months 7|8 percent.

Castorseed Bombay unquoted Groundnuts Indian £78 quoted; linseed Calcutta £71 c and f terms per ton Metals and silver closed today.

New York On London

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.

T.T. New York on London previous closing 2.79-7,8 to 2.80-1|8.

New York Cotton

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.

Closing quotations were:

December	....39.1
March	....39.3
July	....38.7
May	....39.2
Middling Spot	....40.1

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

December	....39.2
March	....39.3
May	....39.1
July	....38.8
Middling Spot	....39.3

NEW YORK STOCKS

Closing quotations were:

American Telephone and Telegraph	151-1
Amerex Holding Co.	....44-1 correct
Anaconda Copper	 36-3
Chase National Bank	36-3
Firestone Tyre	74-1
General Electric	49-3
General Motors	52
Ingersoll Rand	.... 73 bid
International Nickel	33-7
National City Bank	43-3
New York Central Rail Road	17-5
Sinclair Oil	30-1
Socony Vacuum	24-1
Texas Co.	75-3
Union Carbide	47
U.S.. Smeltng refining	....58-1 correct
U.S. Steel Common	41-1
Western Union 'A'	39-3

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day is 730,000

Highest and lowest of U.S. steel trading prices were 41-1|2 and 41-1|8 respectively.

Chicago Wheat

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.

December	....2.24
March	..2.58-5
May	..2.29-1
July	..2.15-7

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Oct. 21.

T. T. London on:

New York	....2.7987|2.801
Montreal	..2.94-1|2 to 2.9
Stockholm	..14.47 to 14.5
Switzerland	..12.22 to 12.2

LONDON, Oct. 21.

Stock Exchange closed today.

QUEER KOREAN BELIEFS AND CUSTOMS

The eyes of the world are on Korea today.

People everywhere are watching with keen anxiety and apprehension the fateful events in that beautiful country, now being ravaged by a brutal war. Like the country itself the people of Korea are little known to the outside world but living in those bomb-plastered towns and villages and working in those devastated fields is a race of people, whose culture is a queer blend of strange beliefs and customs.

The main religions now prevailing in Korea of course Confusianism, Buddhism and Shamanism. From the 15th century, Confucianism has been the dominating force and now overspreads the entire peninsula, though Buddhism, once predominant in the South is not without adherents. In fact the teachings of Buddha are held in great esteem and monasteries and temples have been constructed even in recent times.

But according to the statements of Chinese and Japanese writers and early Jesuit missionaries. Koreans were originally the worshippers of demons and spirits and quaint superstitions built round these primitive beliefs still exercise a tremendous influence on the lives of the people.

According to these beliefs, mountains are generally associated with dragons and every village offers sacrifices to propitiate the mountain spirits. Shrines are built by the wayside and in mountain passes so as to enable the travellers to offer sacrifices to obtain the goodwill and protection of the wraiths. The simple folk likewise believe that mountain spirits exercise some benign and protecting influences and hence the names like the Peak of Continuous Virtue, the Peak of Thousand Buddhas, Lasting Peace, Sword Mountain, Heaven Reaching Peace and so on by which the numerous mountains are known.

Furthermore every town has a patron mountain, acting as the protector and preserver, while family graves also are assigned custodian peaks or else, it is believed the family will not prosper. It is also commonly believed that an individual is born in accordance with the conformation of the hill on which the ancestral grave is situated.

Spirits, either good or evil, are also associated with mountain ranges, lakes, pools, rivers and streams. Lakes are supposed to be the abodes of dragons and lesser monsters while mountain pools are accepted to be free from any such influences some individual is drowned in the waters of the pool. When this occurs the spirit of that victim is believed to haunt the place until it is released by the ghost of another man meeting a similar fate. Prayers are said and offerings are given by the people to propitiate these apparitions.

SOCIAL LIFE

Social life in Korea, so far as the vast majority of the people are concerned, proceeds in a like, old-fashioned, way, inspite of the introduction of some social reforms and contacts with the outside world. Society in Korea is divided more or less distinctly, into three classes: yang-ban or the nobles, who compose the ruling class, the middle class closely following on the ladder and the lower class which includes the dancing girls, nuns, slaves and the rest.

The most peculiar characteristic of Korean society however is the status of women, who paradoxically indeed while being subjected to innumerable disabilities, are potent economic factors in the life of the family as well as the nation.

The upper class women live more or less secluded lives like the zenana women. From the age of twelve they are seen only by the members of their family and close relatives. After marriage, which generally takes place at an early age, their acquaintance with menfolk does not extend beyond the fifth degree of cousinship. They move out generally at night, and as a rule are carried in a kind of screened rickshaw by the slave girls.

WOMEN'S COSTUME

The women's costume is a three-piece garment consisting of a kind of zouave jacket, a long pettycoat, reaching upto the ground and attached to a broad band and a chang-ot which is used to veil the face. Upon the sight of a man the chang-ot is pulled over the face of the wearer, the long wide sleeves hanging from the ears, only one eye, one cheek, part of the temple and forehead being exposed to public view.

The middle class women enjoy much greater lattitude of freedom with regard to their movement and social intercourse

E. SOARES.

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-however violently used!
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"SOWAR PRIMA"
The All-Proof "Sowar Prima" is completely protected from every risk to which a watch is subjected in every day wear at work or play. It is positively Shock-Protected and water-proof and stain-proof. You will be proud to own one of these superb time-keepers whose permanently brilliant case hermetically seals the thoroughly reliable and fully jewelled movement.
Stain-Proof & Water-Proof
"Shock-Protected"
The West End
ALL-PROOF "SOWAR PRIMA"
10½" Medium Size
Pt. Everbright Steel Case Rs. 150
WEST END WATCH Co
BOMBAY
CALCUTTA

ARYAN'S FIRST TO ENTER SEMI-FINAL

Poor Display Against Rashid's In Rovers Cup

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Aryans, the remnant challengers for the Rovers Soccer Cup from Calcutta found goal getting against Rashid Sports Club a difficult problem this evening at the Cooperage in the quarter final round, but due to a lapse on the part of Rashid's goalkeeper Arickmathan, they just scraped home winners by a solitary goal.

Calcutta have to thank their stars that Aricknathan presented them such an easy goal. They displayed a keen sense of combination, but play, however, did not reach expected heights. Their defence was always on top. Anthony, their left winger was by far the most impressive player on the field.

Whatever one might say about the skillful manner in which the Aryan side plays goes into the melting pot, when one sees good soccer spoilt by the use of unfair methods to gain the winning goal. Dhanraj known all over the country as the best goalgetter marred his performance with unfair play. So did, Sarbidikary, Das and Gurbux.

As for Rashids they are just our ordinary first division side, up and coming, but their disaster was caused by failure to combine. But when they did adopt this method of play they nearly gained the equalizer. Aricknathan otherwise gave a grand performance. Yesoo Das was outstanding in defence. Janki, Kuppaswamy and Verghese all tried hard, but failed to burst through their opponents' defence. Centre half Shankar was hardworking and Raphael gave him valuable support.

Rashid's somehow emerged unscathed from the terrific pressure the Aryans, like all Caucutta sides have done, in the first quarter of play. Two glorious chances of the Aryans forging ahead when Aricknathan had left his charge on both occassions, but somehow the defence was always there to save in time.

Rashids moved out of their defensive position to attack, but they were up against a stubborn and solid defence.

It was, however, due to Aricknathan's fancy stuff in goal that the ball passed between his legs after Gokul the left inner had tested him. This goal came five minutes before the breather.

Aryans were all over in their opponents territory after the breather. But now Aricknathan was more cautious and saved at all cost. He covered once from Dhanraj's feet and then when Dhanraj took a flying shot he collected with graceful confidence. Anthony was delighting the thousands of spectators with a classical outers game.

Anthony put across two classical centres but on both occassions it was the crowding out tactics of Rashid's that managed to keep their goal clear. Anthony then took a powerful left drive at goal, but luckily for Aricknathan it sailed over the cross-bar.

It was only in the closing stages of the game that Rashid's nearly obtained the equalizer. Raphael had Bhoja in a puzzle. He sent in a long shot which Sanjwa collected and cleared. A minute later he repeated but dropped the ball Sanjiva short of goalkeeper Janki rushed in but was penalized for "offside".

The teams were:—

ARYANS (Calcutta):— Sanjiva; S. Das, Manuel; Gurbux, Sarbirdikary, Sayeed; S. Ghosh, Bhattacharjee, Dhanraj, Gakul, Anthony.

RASHID SPOTS CLUB:— Aricknathan; Yesoo Das, Chinappa; Raphael, Shankar, R. Lobo; Iridumi, Dass, Jankie, Kuppuswamy, Verghese.

Referee: N. K. Utchil.

GEORGIAN CUP

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Earlier, a fine hat-trick by B. M. Shinde enabled Bhim Star (Deolali) to make the final grade at the expense of Parel Greenfield whom they beat by three goals to one in the semi-final of the Georgian Cup tournament.

Bhim Star had more of the exchanges and centre-forward B. M. Shinde who was the outstanding player gave his side the lead. A few minuets later Panna put Parel Greenfield on level terms

After the interval B M. Shinde crowned a grand performance by scoring two goals to cap a grand hat-trick

FREE SPECTATORS PAY THEIR PRICE

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Free spectators paid their price this evening when the branch of a tree on which they were perched to watch the Aryans—Rashid's encounter collapsed outside the Cooperage.

Two persons were seriously injured when they fell about 35 feet below and were removed to hospital for medical treatment.

I. C. L. Beat Lahore Raiders

EXHIBITION GAME IN AID OF ASSAM RELIEF

BOMBAY, Sunday.

In the exhibition match played in aid of Assam Relief Fund at the St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground, Parel, this evening, India Culture League beat Raiders from Lahore by a solitary goal.

Parel fans who were looking forward to both sides giving off their best were desappointed as the teams took matters lightly and played carefree soccer.

On the run of play I. C. L. had slightly better of the exchanges and more scoring chances. Their all important goal was scored just before crossing over when Laloo connected a pass from Peters and eluded a defender to score from close range.

The Assam Relief Fund will benefit by Rs. 755/- being the gate receipts from this match.

DELHI BEAT LAHORE BY SIX TO ONE

Table Tennis Tourney

LAHORE, Oct. 22 (PTI).

The Delhi and District Table Tennis Association team registered their second victory on Saturdy when they beat Lahore selected by six matches to one.

R. B. L. Saxena, Delhi teams steady and defensive player won three matches in men's singles.

The only match that Lahore selected won was women's singles in which Miss Taqi Butt beat Mrs. Mascarhenas 21-14, 21-14.

Following are the results.

K. V. Swamy, (Delhi), beat A. Menezes, (Lahore) 21-13, 21-16.

R. B. L. Saxena, (Delhi) beat Jamil Shah, (Lahore) 21-15, 21-15. Om Prakash beat Noor Zaan 21-9, 21-12. R. B. L. Saxena beat A. Menezes 21-9, 16-21, 21-9. Saxena beat Noor Zaan 21-11, 21-14. Mrs. Taq Butt beat Mrs. Mascarenhas 21-14, 21-14. Miss Raffin, (Delhi), beat Miss C. Coelho, (Lahore) 21-12, 21-19.

Pavri Lowers Novices' Record

10 MILES MASSED START AT THE OVAL

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The 10 miles mass start cycle race for Novices organised by the Swastik Cycling Club, round the Oval this morning, resulted in a record win for E. H. Pavri of the Organising Club, bettering the previous record turning of A. B. Patel (28 m. 51.8 s.)

The results are as under:—

1st E. H. Pavri (SCC) Time 28 m 47 s. New Record.

2nd A. J. Vaidya (SCC)

3rd Richard Tantos (YMSC)

The 5 Miles Team Pursuit open was won by the Malcolm Cycling Club team consisting of B. Malcolm, E. J. Mistry, H. J. Pavri, and R. Irani with a time of 13 m. 12 s. with Swastik Cycling Club team S. Bhawoo, S. B. Zaveri, Amarjit Singh and K. S. Irani finishing second with a time of 13 m. 29 s.

REFEREES DRAW WITH SCRIBES

Mirthful Soccer At The Cooperage

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A mammoth Sunday Soccer crowd was thrown into hysterics of laughter when the Sportscribes met the Referees in a challenge game at the Cooperage this evening which ended in a draw.

Both sides took the field full of determination, concentrating on showing one another the finer points of the game. The Press were led in by Reggie Rodrigues, while D. M. Mandon captained the Referees. Mr. J. C. Maitra whistled in the first half.

The Referees scored twice in the closing stages of the initial half through Mandon and then gained an offside goal through Almeida, but what follows caused the crowd to go into a fit of laughter.

"Bobby" Talyarkhan took the whistle in the second half and entered the field clad in National Dress. He looked more like "Morarji" carrying a walking stick in one hand and on his back, he pasted the sign 2%, for whatever it stands for.

Through his methodical blowing of the 'tin-horn' he awarded the Press two penalties which were easily converted by Reg Rodrigues and Sunny Cohen, but this enraged the Referee's who protested. They were rightly warned.

Then, came the elimination as both sides were an level terms and player after player, either in ones or two's were ordered of the field for ungentlemanly behavior, or black-chatting or questioning the Referees decision until only the rival custodians remained. Then, the Referees custdoian was ordered off and the only player, the Press goalkeeper was given the whistle and he ordered Shri Talyarkhan off the field a happy conclusion to a sporting game.

The teams were:—

REFEREES:— J. P. D'Mello; D. M. Mandon, A. Vaidya; R. S. Mani, S. R. Shetty, C. V. Rayan, P. S. Gopalan, T. S. Mani, D. P. Puthran, R. Dantas, B. Almeida.

SPORTSSCRIBES:— Ram; O. Ferreira, Sarate; Ganguly, Ref Rodrigues, Sunny Cohen; Charlie Braganza, J. Crasto, Eddie Fernandes, C. S. A. Swami, Edgar Ellis.

WHISTLERS: A. F. S. Talyarkhan and J. C. Maitra.

Linesmen:— Dicky Ratnagar and Anant Vaidya.

THIRD DAY DELHI RACES

Doubles For Jockeys Cracknell And Md. Khan

NEW DELHI, Oct. 22 (PTI).

Book-makers lost heavily on the third day of the Delhi Autumn Meeting held here on Sunday afternoon. Out of six events on the card five were won by favourites and joint favourites. The Meerut Plate which resulted in the only upset of the day was annexed by Eros, a six to one outsider. The favourite horizon was second, two and a half lengths behind. Riding honours went to Cracknell and Mohd. Khan who rode two winners each. As none of the punters could solve the treble tote the net pool was carried over to the next meet.

The following were the results:

THE GHAZIABAD PLATE
(About six furs.)

Bhola Nath (Col. Nur Khan) 8-0 Cracknell 1; Chanod Star (Kumar Chiman Singh) 9-0 B. T. Duffy 2; Fair Lion (Mr. Mulk Raj Agarwal) 9-4 N. Lewis 3.

Tote Rs. 12 (win), Rs. 14 (nom.)

THE SHAHDRARA PLATE (Div. I)
(6 F)

Adjutant (Mr. I. F. Weston) 9-7, Cracknell 1, Inayat Bi (Mr. Sham Lal) 8-11, Ganesh Bahadur 2, Lucky Glitters (Mr. Har Swaroop) 8-3, Kasim Hussain 3; Windsor Aine (Kumar Chiman Singh) 8-1 Dashrath Singh 4.

Not run: Flying Prince, Ranjit Dulari, Roberts Pride and Bhola Nath.

Tote Rs. 9 (win), Rs. 5/8, Rs. 5 and Rs. 6 for places. Rs. 16 (nom.)

THE MODINAGAR PLATE (Div. I)
(5 F)

Neemphool (H. H. Maharaja of Idar) 8-10 Hayat Mohd. 1, Jam-a-Jum (Mr. M. A. Qadeer) 12 Bhoop Singh 2, Plucky Princess (Mr. M. Ebrahim Khan) 8-10 Mohd. Khan 3, Visvan (Mr. B. Krishna) 8-7 Cracknell 4.

Not run: Bahram Khan and Mademoiselle.

Tote Rs. 8 (win), Rs. 7/8 and Rs. 11 (pl.), Rs. 56 (nom.)

THE MEERUT PLATE (7 F)

Eros (Miss B. Hill) 8-12, M. G. Oswal 1, Horizon (Kumar Chiman Singh) 9-1, B. T. Duffy 2, Filibuster (M/s. Ramji Lal Agarwal and Sarwan Lal Agarwal) 9-6, Cracknell 3, Chocolate Soldier (Mr. Madan Gopal) 8-12, Sumer Singh 4.

Not Run: Shining Moon, Bronzewing and Shildrake.

Tote Rs. 43 (win), Rs. 12, Rs. 7 and Rs. 11 (pl.), Rs. 133 (nom).

THE SHAHDARA PLATE (Div. II)
(6 F)

Hard Cash (Maj. W. T. Woolley) 9-4, Mohd. Khan 1, Land Lady (S. Mehar Singh) 8-10 B. T. Duffy 2, Care Call (Mr. Fateh Bahadur Singh Nigam) 8-1 Jagroom Singh 3, Cheerful (Kumar Chiman Singh) 7-8, G. Chawan 4.

Tote Rs. 10 (win), Rs. 6, Rs. 6 and Rs. 8 (pl.), Rs. 26 (nom.)

THE MODINAGAR PLATE (Div. II)
(5 F)

Chandrashekhar (Mr. Ram Prakash Kapur) 8-7 Mohd. Khan 1, Ranjit Dulari (Mr. Khem Singh 8-12, Dashrath Singh 2, Madhu (Mr. D. Nath) 8-12 Bhoop Singh 3, Anuradha (Mr. Sarwan Lal Agarwal) 8-9, Cracknell 4.

Not run: Maharaj Pasand. Miss Primrose, Chakravati and Kanpur Lass.

Tote Rs. 13 (win), Rs. 8 and Rs. 9 (pl.) Rs. 4 (nom.)

STEWARDS FOR PAK JOCKEY CLUB

KARACHI, Oct. 22 (PTI).

The Jockey Club of Pakistan, Karachi, has named 7 persons as stewards who will govern the club. They are: Mr. Anwar Hussain Hidayatullah (Chairman), Sardar A. K. Gabole, Colonel Jelal M. Shah, Syed Wajid Ali, Sardar Taj Mohd Khan, Nawab Jamal Khan Leghari, and Brigadier Mohd Munir Tiwana.

The club's secretary is Major C. C. Gulliland, formerly of the R.W.I.T.C.

The Jockey Club of Pakistan was formed on September 8, following agreement reached between the Karachi Race Club and the Pakistan Turf Club of Lahore. It has since been recognised by the Jockey Club of England.

It is understood that negotiations are now in progress for the affiliation of the race clubs at Quetta and Rawalpindi to the Jockey Club of Pakistan.

E. C. AND I. S. SCORE SECOND WIN AT POONA

POONA, October 22 (PTI).

A brilliant century by their skipper L. J. Kichadia and deadly bowling by S. S. Anandkar in a match against the Deccan Gymkhana enabled the Elphinstone College and the Institute of Science cricket team from Bombay to score today their second win in Poona.

Electing to bat first, the Bombay Collegians hit 258 runs with only half their side out. Kichadia, who was at the wicket for exactly two hours, remained unbeaten with 101 to his credit, thirteen of his hits crossing the boundary line. He was ably supported by S. G. Patkar (58) S. P. Dalive (36) and V. P. Desai (32).

In compiling the respectable total of 258 before he declared their innings closed.

The Deccan Gymkhana going in to bat failed misserably against the spin attack of Anandker and S. P. Gupte and could collect only 93 runs in reply, Anandker returned an analysis of 5 wickets for 7 runs only whilst Gupte captured three wickets at the cost of 40 runs.

Vic Toweel Beats Nuvoloni

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 22. (PTI-Reuter).

Vic Toweel of South Africa, world bantamweight champion, tonight beat the Italian champion, Alvaro Nuvoloni on points in an overweight ten rounds bout here.

Nuvoloni was warned five times for holding as he resorted to excessive clinching in the face of Toweel's continuous attack.

Toweel scaled eight stone nine and a quarter pounds and Nuvoloni eight stone ten and a quarter.

M. SHINDE EXTENDS OSSIE DYER

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Ossie Dyer had a stiff proposition in M. Shinde of the Times Sports Club this evening in the Open Table Tennis Tournament, but he finally emerged victorious after four hectic and gruelling encounters.

Other pleasing performances were seen. D. H. Kapadia 1. Swamy, three straight, after the latter had earlier accounted for Hariharan in the same number of games. Then, D. Somaya beat N. B. Mistry.

MEN'S SINGLES (Third Round)

N. M. Khanchand beat J. Monab, 21-11, 21-12, 21-16. Soli Shroff beat J. M. Lopes, 21-14, 21-14, 21-19, 21-16. I. Swami beat M. Hariharan 21-19, 21-18, 21-13. B. Abraham beat M. V. Hallady 21-15, 15-21, 21-17, 19-21, 21-18. N. Krishnamurthy beat D. D. Walawalkar 11-21, 21-18, 8-21, 21-18, 21-18. Bashalaljee beat J. G. Jogidasani 21-15, 21-10, 21-13. V. B. Sanbagh beat G. Sahadeo 21-12, 25-27, 21-17, 21-9. Sam Motwalla beat B. K. Mistry 21-14, 21-9, 21-18 D. Somaya beat M. Punvani 21-8, 21-14, 21-16, D. N. Bhatkal beat B. Pereira 21-16, 21-16, 21-15, 21-17. B. P. Baliga w.o. M. I. Parker D. H. Kapadia w.o. K. L. Shankar M. Shinde beat S. V. Ashar 21-13, 21-10, 21-17. N. B. Mistry, beat V. Ranganath, 21-14, 17-21, 21-16, 21-17; Oswyn Dyer beat A. I. Jacob 21-10, 18-21, 21-17, 21-19, S. N. Gandhi beat T. S. Naidu 17-21, 21-17, 16-21, 21-19, 21-19.

FOURTH ROUND

D. N. Kapadia beat I. Swami 21-11, 21-15, 21-19. H. M. Khanchand beat N. Krishnamurthy 21-9, 21-18, 21-10. Soli Shroff beat B. P. Baliga 2-15. 21-16, 21-11. Basha Laljee beat B. Abraham 17-21, 21-13, 21-18, 14-21, 21-17. Sam Motiwalla beat D. M. Bhatkal 21-13, 21-19, 16-21 21-17 Ossie Dyer beat M. Shinde 21-17, 21-18, 17-21, 22-20. D. Somaya beat N. B. Mistry 21-16, 21-12, 21-15 V. B. Sanbagh beat S. N. Gandhi 15-21, 19-21, 21-11, 23-21, 21-16.

MEN'S DOUBLES (Quarter Finals)

Ossie Dyer and H. M. Khanchand beat Y. M. Mahajan and U. S. Bangera 21-16, 21-13, 21-16. N. B. Mistry and V. M. Nadkarni beat Basha Laljee and P. Arabham 14-21, 21-17, 22-20, 21-14. Sam Motiwalla and Soli Shroff beat S. N. Gandhi and B. P. Baliga 21-15 21-14, 21-16.

Centuries Galore In Kanga League

PARSI CYCLISTS HEAD B. DIVISON

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Six brilliant centuries were recorded in Dr. H. D. Kanga Cricket League—five of which were unbeaten ones. To M. Bardanwala of Friends' Union S. C. went the distinction of taking a hat-trick in his bag of 6 42 runs against Ghatkopar Jolly C. C. in Division "E".

Parsi Cyclists Sports Club by their out-right victory over Prabhu Young Cricketers gained the full points and heads the list by collecting 25 points in Division "B" which was concluded today. Bombay City Police Club comes second with 22 points to their credit.

Several other fine batting performances were also witnessed in all the three Divisions of the League.

The following were the complete results of matches played today:—

DIVISION "A"

Fort Vijay Cricket Club beat Shivaji Park Gymkhana by eight wickets and 45 runs on the first innings at Shivaji Park.

SHIVAJI PARK GYMKHANA: D. P. Dharve 41, N. J. Mhatre 9, C. S. Koregaonkar 6, M. S. Patil 0, C. T. Patankar 1, R. S. Adhikari 60, K. S. Khanolkar 0, S. V. Angne 1, Y. B. Patwa 3, S. V. Gupte 1, V. L. Marketkar not out 14, Extras 16, TOTAL 152.

Bowling Analysis:—H. G. Kapadia 3-0-12-0; Vinoo Mankad 14.2-8-17-3; S. K. Garudachar 12-3-39-3; M. Iyer 14-3-37-4; S. S. Balgi 50-0-27-0; V. M. Merchant 2-0-3-0.

FORT VIJAY C. C.: Vijay M. Merchant not out 100, S. P. Bhatia 8, S. P. Shah 7, H. G. Kapadia not out 80, rest did not bat, Extras 2, TOTAL 197 for loss of 2 wickets.

Bowling Analysis:—S. V. Gupte 18-2-58-0; M. S. Patil 12-2-26-0; R. S. Adhikari 6-0-27-0; Y. B. Patwa 10-1-34-0; V. L. Marketkar 3-0-15-1; N. J. Mhatre 3-0-14-0; C. S. Koregaonkar 5-0-21-0.

Gowd Saraswat Cricket Club beat Baronet Cricket Club by three wickets and 7 runs on the First Innings.

BARONET C.C.:—N. H. Colah 5, B. R. Irani 66, N. H. Wadia 3, B. Cooper 17, D. Satha 10, D. Wadia 8, B. N. Karbhari 45, R. Dalal not out 22, P. Madon not out 13, rest did not bat, Extras 11, TOTAL 200 for 7 declared.

Bowling Analysis:—M. M. Dalvi 20-2-44-0; S. A. Nadkarni 12-2-40-0; V. M. Asgaonkar 11-2-23-1; Kadbet 10-0-37-2; R. B. Gavaskar 14-2-39-2; U. A. Mundkur 2-0-6-0.

GOWD SARASWAT C.C.:—P. R. Dalvi 16, G. J. Dabholkar 15, Y. R. Mhatre 44, B. V. Kadbet 0, M. M. Dalvi 23, S. A. Nadkarni not out 51, D. B. Prabhu 11, U. A. Mundkur 22, R. V. Gavaskar not out 16, rest did not bat, Extras 9, TOTAL 207 for 7.

Bowling Analysis: B. R. Irani 29-2-80-5; D. Wadia 2-1-5-0; B. M. Karbhari 10-0-54-1; P. Madan 10-0-36-1. D. Satha 5-0-15-0; Cooper 1-0-8-0.

P. J. Hindu Gymkhana beat National Cricket Club by 75 runs on the First Innings).

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA:—R. V. Bhajekar 9, S. G. Shinde 0, S. M. Dandekar 137, K. M. Bhatia 15, M. S. Gurtu 17, G. S. Naink 17, G. B. Thadani 28, K. K. Mahadevia 0, N. S. Sakroo 2, J. V. Parasram 10, L. R. Naringrekar not out 6, Extras 0, TOTAL 241.

Bowling Analysis:—S. N. Gandhi 22-2-82-3; N. M. Parekh 6-0-19-1; S. L. Patil 7-1-52-3; D. T. Kotian 14.4-1-59-3; V. M. Chandarana 9-1-29-0.

NATIONAL C.C.: N. M. Parekh 3, B. D. Desai 30, T. S. Sathan 12, S. R. Arolkar 13, M. S. Shetty 5, D. R. Kher 19, M. S. Naik 45, S. L. Patil 0, S. N. Gandhi 23, V. M. Chandarana not out 0, D. T. Kotian 0, Extras 16, TOTAL 166.

Bowling Analysis: J. V. Parasram 8-2-28-1; N. S. Sakroo 6-3-5-0; M. S. Gurtu 3-1-9-0; S. G. Shinde 21.4-5-63-6; K. M. Bhatia 18-5-37-3; G. S. Nanik 2-1-2-0.

Dadar Union Sporting Club beat Young Zoroastrian Cricket Club by 55 runs on the First Innings.

YOUNG ZOROASTRIAN C.C.: F. Peddar 0, Gamadia 7, M. Rajkotwalla 3, R. Bharucha 44, J. B. Khot 29, G. Shroff 0, M. D. Irani 8, J. Unwalla 18, K. Peddar 19, R. Patel 9, F. Pavri not out 0, Extras 6, TOTAL 143.

Bowling Analysis:—T. V. Vinod 1 for 6; V. R. Amladi 3 for 29; S. M. Shankar 2 for 40; M. K. Mantri 0 for 17; R. M. Parulekar 4 for 45.

DADAR UNION S.C.: T. B. Vinod 27, P. K. Kamath 19, V. V. Nerurkar 55, J. K. Seth 5, M. K. Mantri 3, V. R. Amladi 4, M. R. Amladi 17, S. M. Shankar 2, N. S. Tamhane 20, K. V. Palwankar not out 29, R. M. Parulekar 11, Extras 6, TOTAL 198.

Bowling Analysis:—M. Rajkotwalla 3 for 82; R. Patel 0 for 18; F. Pavri 5 for 51; J. B. Khot 1 for 17; J. Unwalla 0 for 24.

Sunder Cricket Club drew with Jolly Cricketers.

SUNDER: C.C.—G. S. Wagh 27, V. Dias 8, S. W. Sohoni 2, D. G. Phadkar 93, Y .B. Palwankar 83, Aley Abraham not out 25, B. G. Patel not out 23, rest did not bat, Extras 13, TOTAL 274 for 5 declared.

Bowling Analysis: V. K. Jhaveri 24-2-95-1; V. N. Raiji 25-5-82-2; K. H. Jobanputra 2-0-14-1; A. J. Dosa 5-0-27-0; M. N. Raiji 2-0-16-0.

JOLLY CRICKETERS:— R. R. Chandorkar not out 100, M. L. Apte 0, V. M. Pandit 2, U. M. Merchant 26, V. N. Raiji 0, M. N. Raiji not out 21, rest did not bat, Extras 8, TOTAL 156 for 4.

Bowling Analysis: D. G. Phadkar 16-8-27-2; S. W. Sohoni 7-0-26-0; Y. B. Palwankar 15-8-18-2; M. S. Kharwa 11-2-37-0; B. G. Patel 9-5-4-0; Aby Abraham 3-2-7-0; Bandodkar 1-0-8-0; Fuzi 3-1-12-0.

DIVISION "B"

Prabhu Young Cricketers: 62 (W. S. Kothare 23; D. Bhada 6 for 27, B. Govadia 2 for 11) and 60 (Vijaykar 28; B. Govadia 3 for 9 runs, J. Doctor 4 for 10 runs, H. Dadachanji 2 for 7 runs) lost to Parsi Cyclists Sports Club: 184 for 5 declared (D. Mody not out 52, R. Dadachanji 49, B. Daruwalla 38) by an innings and 62 runs.

New Hind Sporting Club: 177 (S. Bhickaji 48, Mirkar 45, C. N. Padgaonkar 32; C. Bhesadia 4 for 34, Dias 2 for 14) lost to Bombay City Police Club: 181 for 8 (B. P. Kadam 50, R. Nayak 48, R. Nirmal 34; P. N. Temkar 4 for 64, M. K. Sathe 3 for 14) by two wickets and 4 runs on the First Innings.

Dadar Parsi Colony Sporting Club: 178 (D. Engineer 44, R. Screwvalla 37; H. Khambatta 6 for 78, S. Talati 3 for 38) beat Naoroz Cricket Club 157 (M. Billimoria 50, H. Khambatta not out 31, R. Cama 30; N. Mpbed 3 for 28, S. Poonawalla 3 for 21, G. Patel 3 for 36) by 21 runs on the First Innings.

Sind Hindus Sports Club: 280 for 8 declared (T. Chandru not out 95, Omprakash 50, G. Jethanand 35; J. B. Patel 3 for 68, K. K. Katrak 3 for 100) drew with Parsee Gymkhana: 173 for 4 (M. R. Khan not out 100, J. B. Patel 30; P. R. Panjabi 2 for 44).

Khar Gymkhana: 200 for 6 declared (Premnarayan 94, S. V. Divecha 42; V. S Patil 4 for 56) beat Brothers' Club: 144 (S. Mahadeo 36; S. V. Palwankar 6 for 36) by 56 runs on the First Innings.)

DIVISION "C"

Bandra Gymkhana: 154 M. Gonsalves 81, Harichand Koli 31; B. V. Thakre 5 for 48, D. N. Narsee 2 for 25) lost to Pathare Prabhu Cricketers: 163 for 3 (M. R. Karkhanes not out 103, S. J. Dhokre 51, M. Gonsalves 2 for 37) by seven wickets and 9 runs on the First Innings.)

New Social Union Cricket Club: 216 for 5 declared (M. G. Dalvi 76, C. S. Shete 40, A. T. Joshi 3 for 30, Bhujbal 3 for 48) beat Crescent Cricket Club: 109 (R. S. Bagwe 37, B. R. Dhavle 27; Rege 4 for 30, Shirke 4 for 23) and 35 for 2 (B. R. Dhavle not out 22) by 107 runs on the First Innings).

Bhatia Sports Club: 208 for 9 declared (P. A. Zaveri 47, M. A. Zaveri 41, L. V. Bhatia 30; B. Rustogi 5 for 75) beat Aga Khan Gymkhana: 117 (A. Poonja 75; B. L. Ved 3 for 18, H. A. Zaveri 3 for 30, Asher 2 for 18) by 91 runs on the First Innings.

Sassanian Cricket Club: 187 for 3 declared (Jal D. Madon not out 100, K. B. Irani not out 33, B. P. Bharada 26; R. Irani 1 for 12, R. Kuka 1 for 23) beat John Bright Cricket Club: 130 (Khandhalia 60, R. Irani 21; D. S. Damania 5 for 41, J. S. Nargolia 2 for 6 runs) by 57 runs on the First Innings.

Ghatkopar Jolly Cricket Club: 252 (Satghav 97, Bhuvad 95, Bhapankar 34; M. Bardanwalla 6 for 42 including a hat-trick. A. Creado 3 for 59) drew with Friends' Union Sports Club: 169 for 3 (A. A. Shaikh 56, M. H. Bardanwalla not out 50; Bhuvad 1 for 24).

Fourteen Wickets Fall In A Day

COMMONWEALTH ALL OUT FOR 219 AGAINST SERVICES XI

DEHRA DUN, October 22 (PTI).

Commonwealth batting first in their three-day match against Services eleven were all out for 219 before tea and dismissed four Services batsmen in the remaining hours of the play for a laborious 25.

Surrounded all round by trees, the National Defence Academy grounds presented a peaceful scene bathed in pleasant sunshine with its neatly mowed outfield. But a matting pitch in the middle produced plenty of fire and bowlers dominated except for an hour before lunch when Emmett, visitors' opening bat, and their vice-captain Worrell batted with refreshing freedom.

Bowlers both pace and spin, derived plenty of life off the mat and ball often kept low and went through fast which perhaps accounted for no less than seven leg before decisions — six visitors and one of the Services eleven — out of a total of fourteen wickets that fell today.

The visitors opened on a sound note putting on board 53 before Spooner fell. Thereafter the opening batsman emmett and Worrell continued good till a few minutes before lunch. The medium pace offbreaker Gadkare who came on to bowl his last over before the interval caused all fireworks dismissing Emmett with his third ball and capturing Worrell with the third of his second over immediately on resumption. Worrell was followed into the pavilion by Ames, Tribe and Laker in the next ten minutes, Gadkare claiming Ames and Laker to return an analysis of four wickets for 31 in 8.3 overs.

The Commonwealth team after a triumphant Gujerat tour arrived in Dehra Dun, a beautiful valley spread under the Himalayan hill station of Mussoorie to play two matches. The first a three-day match against a services eleven and the second a one-day match against the National Defence Academy.

The match between the Commonwealth team and the Services eleven commenced today on a matting wicket on the National Defence Academy Grounds which presented a picturesque view in ideal settings. The weather was bracingly cool with the sun shining though a cloudless sky.

The rival teams were presented to the Commander-in-Chief of the Army General K. M. Cariappa before the play.

Ames, who had not played except in the first match against the Cricket Club of India in Bombay won the toss and sent in Emmett and Spooner to open the innings for the Commonwealth.

Messrs. Halsworth and Squadron Leader Khannna were the umpires.

SCORE BOARD

COMMONWEALTH (first innings)

Emmett lbw Gadkare	.....	54
Spooner lbw Sanjana	.....	23
Worrell lbw Gadkare	.....	41
Ames lbw Gadkare	.....	10
Grieves lbw Gadkare	.....	45
Tribe lbw Inderjit	.....	4
Laker b Gadkare	.....	0
Shackleton c Sanjana b Mohanlal		12
Barlow c Atmasingh b Sanjana ..		17
Ramadhin c Atmasingh b Sanjana		0
Rigway not out	.....	2
Extras	.....	11
Total runs	..	219

FALL OF WICKETS 1/113 3/118 4/161 5/166 6/167 7/190 8/215 and 10/219.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Mohanlal	11	2	33	1
Ranbirshinghji	11	4	17	0
Sanjana	19	3	51	3
Inderjit	12	0	50	1
Iqbal Karan	3	0	8	0
Gadkare	13.2	0	49	5

SERVICES XI (first innings):

Ranbirshinghi lbw Shackleton ..		6
Atmasingh c Grieves b Laker ..		11
Adhikari b Laker	.....	3
Ramdev batting	.....	2
Mahipal Singh c Spooner b Laker		1
Extras	.....	2
Total (for 4 wickets)	.....	25

Wickets 1/13, 2/19, 3/21, 4/25.

	O	M	R	W
Ridgway	5	1	10	0

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Shackleton	6	0	10	1
Laker	1	0	3	3
Tribe	2	0	2	0

Improving The Game Of Soccer

WHY NOT MECHANICAL TIME KEEPERS?

LONDON, October 22 (PTI-Reuter).

THE latest suggestion for the improvement of soccer is that matches should be properly timed by an electrical device instead of being left to the referee's watch.

A referee has plenty to do on the field without having to make notes of the time lost every time there is a stoppage of some kind. It is equally true that some games doubtless do exceed the ninety minutes of play. At times they are even under the required period.

So why not have a special timekeeper as is done in boxing? This official could have a split second watch and make quite sure that there were exactly 45 minutes in each half. He could also, if necessary for the records, obtain the time after the start in which the goals were scored.

With a bell or some other noisy object, he could indicate when halftime and fulltime had arrived.

Naturally this idea could be carried still further by having the timekeeper in charge of large electric clocks and a siren to indicate the interval and closure, once the principle was agreed of having someone other than the referee in charge of the timing.

SPECIAL CLOCKS

In many countries the world over, there are special clocks showing how the game is progressing, but to the best of the writer's knowledge there is no one in charge of them to halt them when there is a stoppage of play through injury or some other reason.

Of course it might well be said that it does not matter if the game lasts 87 or 93 minutes, as it is the same for both sides, but it cannot be denied that games have been lost and won in the closing second.

Indeed, it has been claimed before now that winning goals have been scored after the correct period of play at the interval and the finish.

Referees today have first class watches. There is no question of inaccuracy on that score.

It is just a question of the principle of the timings. Many will say why bother, but there are those who feel that soccer timekeepers would be an improvement in the game and take some of the burden off the already heavily burdened referee.

SOOMRO CLUB BEAT DELHI XI

NEW DELHI, Oct. 22 (PTI).

Soomro Football Club (Karachi) winners of the I.F.C. Shield, Lucknow beat a strong Delhi Selected XI by the odd goal in three this evening.

Pakistan team appeared to owe its victory to its deep defence. Also their centre half Rehman played bright and intelligent football cracking the weak spots in Delhi defence.

In The Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

3-45 p.m. Mondon's XI vs Govind's XI (Practice game)

5 p.m. Wimco (Madras) vs G.I.P. Rly. (Rovers Cup).

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel.

4 p.m. Globe S. C. vs Little Pioneers (Exhibition Match).

5 p.m. I. N. Dockyard 'A' vs Bombay Amateurs (Satinrajan Shield).

TABLE TENNIS

Times Sports Club

4 p.m. First round of mixed doubles.

5 p.m. Quarter finals of women's singles followed by quarter-finals of men's singles. (Open Tournament).

PROFIT-SHARING IN INDUSTRY-2

A Bridge Between Labour And Capital

NOT AN INCENTIVE, BUT AN ACT OF SOCIAL JUSTICE

Many criticisms are levelled against profit-sharing but these arise out of the misconception that the scheme is a financial incentive. Profit-sharing must be introduced only as an act of social justice, to recognise the fact that the workers' lot is linked with the prosperity of the company, and that they form an integral part of it. It will increase the worker's interest and make him more efficient in what he does; it will induce him to be more economical in the use of materials, machinery and equipment.

(By "V. K.")

MANY shortcomings are attributed to profit-sharing. They are of the following kind.

(i) If profit-sharing is to stimulate the workers to greater efforts. it would appear that the payments should be made as frequently as possible. Profit-sharing would be really successful if payments were made every two or three months for the impetus would not wear off quickly.

A distribution once a year does not sustain the interest and is not sufficient to maintain the enthusiasm of workers throughout the year. The period of gain is too remote to excite any enthusiasm. Any spur to activity must be backed by certainty and promptness of results. Otherwise the result is as a business executive said, "The vast majority of our employees showed a keen interest in the plan two or three weeks prior to distribution, but unfortunately one week after that time, they seemed to forget all about it."

(ii) The amounts received by individual workers, especially in the lowest paid groups are generally too small to have any real effect on the worker's attitude toward the enterprise. The stimulus given to the workers in some profit-sharing schemes has been too small because the additional remuneration is but a small fraction of the yearly wage.

(iii) Where the sharing of profits has been maintained at a fairly steady rate over a period of years, the extra remuneration comes to be regarded as a part of the wage and often loses all incentive value.

(iv) In cases where profits have disappeared workers often feel that they have been 'let down' by management and sometimes even question the good faith and honesty of the accounting system. The experience of one concern in the United Kingdom was that when no profits were available for distribution the men questioned the ability of the management and charged that the management had adjusted the books so as to show no profits. These men depended on profit-sharing as a part of their pay and felt cheated when they did not receive it.

Those who have anything to do with labour problems in India know very well the words of wisdom expressed in this experience. The charges of malafides against employers are hurled times without number by workers and their representatives.

The interest of workers may flag during years of lean or no profits.

NO GENUINE "NORM"

(v) One of the important objections to profit-sharing lies in the claim that there can be no genuine relation between the efforts of the individuals in the plants and the amount of profits to be shared.

The complexity of modern industry makes it difficult to attribute profits or losses to exertions of individuals, e.g.

"(a) The gain in productivity of operatives is offset by mistakes of the purchasing or selling departments.

(b) Conversely, profits may be realised in spite of the indifference of employees—say from large inventory if prices rise.

(c) Even within one plant, the industrious and the laggard are treated equally in spite of the vast difference in their efforts."

MISTAKEN NOTION

It would seem from a study of these objections that most of them arise through the mistaken notion that profit-sharing could be put to perform the functions of an incentive scheme. Profit-sharing cannot be a substitute for any financial incentive. Financial incentives do have an important place in industry but their significance should not be exaggerated. To attempt to transform every idea concerning human relations and value it in terms of rupees, annas and pies betrays a lack of vision and faith in human nature.

Profit-sharing seeks to bridge the gap between labour and capital by increasing their mutuality of interest. Wages honestly and intelligently fixed will secure justice and fair-play between different groups of wage-earners and in their relation to the whole unit. In return for their services to the company they are compensated by appropriate wages which should be the highest, consistent with the ability of the industry or the concern to pay.

We need, however, something more than merely rewarding the services of wage-earners. Those who spend the greater part of their lives with a company have surely a stake in its prosperity and growth. They cannot be regarded as interlopers and treated as outsiders. It is fair that those whose labours go towards making profits should share in them. Profit-sharing introduces a much required note of social justice in industry. This is the function of profit-sharing.

If profit-sharing is introduced in the spirit of justice, it will promote community of interest and will be purposeful. Incidentally, it may bring monetary rewards by reducing labour-turn over; making the worker more interested and hence more efficient; inducing him to be more economical in the use of materials, machinery and equipment; and, lastly by increasing his output.

AN EXAMPLE

Profit-sharing is an old idea which has been given a successful trial in many concerns in the West. Rowntrees, a famous chocolate firm of Quakers in England, has had a profit-sharing plan since 1922. I reproduce below a broad summary of the terms of the scheme as drafted originally in 1922:—

"1. Profits are, broadly, ordinary commercial profits.

2. In arriving at profits, taxes (other than normal income-tax are deductable).

3. 'Net profits' means the profits as previously defined after making certain deductions. The main deduction is that of a sum equal to 7 1/2 per cent upon the amount of the capital from time to time (referred to as the "Standard Wage of Capital"), together with any arrears in respect of previous years. (The greater part of the capital of the company consists of three classes of fixed preference shares, upon which the rate of dividend are 6 per cent, 7 per cent and 7 1/2 per cent respectively. The Ordinary Shares therefore receive a Standard Wage in excess of 7 1/2 per cent to the extent of the difference between 6 per cent and 7 per cent respectively on the first first two classes of Preference Shares).

4. In addition, there is a provision for deducting 10 per cent of the remaining profits for the year or £20,000, whichever is the larger. These sums are paid to a "Dividend Reserve Account" until this Reserve amounts to one year's Standard Wage of Capital. Thereafter there is set aside such sum (not exceeding the figures mentioned) as may be sufficient to maintain such Reserve. In any year when the Standard Wage of Capital is not earned, recourse is had to this Dividend Reserve Account.

5. There are provisions for creating further Reserves to the extent that, in the opinion of the Directors, the interests of the company require these. Any withdrawals from these Reserves are treated as part of profits for the year in which the withdrawals are made, and any balances ultimately left are brought into account as part of the profits available for distribution.

This is a power to set aside sums to a special reserve to meet special circumstances, of which the Great War is an example. The setting aside of sums in this way does not, therefore, in the end deprive labour of any share of profits which it would otherwise have taken. Several schemes have foundered upon this rock.

6. "Capital" consists of all issued shares plus reserves and undistributed profit at the commencement of the Scheme. To this is added each year the standard wage of capital and the balance of net profit for the preceding year after making provision for the foregoing payments and reserves; plus any new capital brought into the business. From the capital is deducted any dividends or bonuses paid to share-holders.

7 "Direction" means the Directors for the time-being, the share being divided in such manner as the Directors think fit.

8. Of the 'net profis' as defined in any year one-tenth goes to "Direction and one-half to "Labour."

9. "Labour" means all employees continuously employed for not less than four complete consecutive quarters.

DIVISION OF PROFITS

10. The share attributable to clerical or salaried staff is divided according to salary. The share to wage earning employees is divided according to earning such employees would have received for a normal week's work of forty-four hours if paid at average rates.

11. Payment is normally in cash, but there are provisions for payment into a bank. There is also a provision to meet special circumstances (never exercised) permitting of payment in shares or dividend-bearing or interest-bearing securities not less than the cash otherwise due.

COMMITTE'S POWER

13. The Profit-Sharing Committee has power to act on behalf of all employees and to consent to any alterations or modifications in the scheme. It also has power to set aside any part of Labour's Share of net profits for collective of community purposes. Collective purposes' means purposes calculated to benefit the employees of the company as a whole. 'Community purposes' means purposes calculated to benefit mankind, whether in Great Britain or elsewhere, and irrespective of employment.

14. Each year there is supplied to the 'Profit-Sharing Committee, a statement by the company's auditor showing the amount distributable. There is, further, a provision (which, in fact, has never been exercised) under which the Committee may appoint a professional accountant to whose fees are payable out of labour's Share of profits to make all necessary enquiries.

MISCONDUCT

15. There are provisions depriving employees of a share of profits if dismissed for misconduct or if they improperly disclose confidential information or if they attempt to charge or sell their prospective interest in profits.

16. In the event of any dispute, there is a provision for arbitration.

17. The scheme may be terminated by twelve months' notice given by the company to the Central Council or to the company by the Central Council. The provisions may be modified at any time with the consent of the Profit-Sharing Committee or by the company after twelve months' notice.

18. As some assurance that the scheme is in no sense intended to be inimical to trade unionism, the company (in addition to taking certain other steps) records its opinion that it is desirable in the interests of the company and its employees that the letter should be suitably organised and that membership of a trade-union is, in the general case, desirable. There is also a specific provision that a strike duly authorised in advance is not to constitute a break in the continuity of employment for the purposes of the scheme".

I do not want to sell this particular plan to our industrial concerns as much as the idea of profit-sharing. The above scheme is merely illustrative of what goodwill, common sense, and leadership on both sides—labour and capital—can achieve.

I wish to draw the attention of readers, particularly, to clause 13 of the scheme which among other things empowers the Committee to set aside any part of Labour's Share of net profits for collective or community purposes. The Committee from the beginning have been acting on that power and exercising their authority to devise schemes for the collective good of workers belonging to the company.

Since 1922 workers' share of profits has usually found its way into such channels as establishment of rest houses, health centres, and so on. The workers of the company which I visited during my stay in the United Kingdom seemed to be rightly proud of their achievements. They have shown great foresight and spirit of sacrifice in consenting to forego their individual shares for the collective welfare of all fellow-workers.

A LEAD TO FOLLOW

Workers in India must follow the lead given by their counterparts in U.K. and emulate their worthy example. The necessity for constituting a fund out of workers' share in the profits and applying the money for the furtherance of the economic and educational and cultural development of the working class is the need of the hour. To-day the distribution of bonuses among workers indirectly contributes to the increase in inflation. Ours is a poor country which is faced with problems of unparrelled and unprecedented dimensions and gravity. To overcome them the approach on our side must be equally bold, fearless and critical. Many nation-building projects, like housing of workers, provision of hospital facilities, cheap canteens etc. cannot be pushed ahead and lie unimplemented for lack of finance. Could the Government not help employers and administering schemes for collective solutions of the dire needs of labour? This will call for the active co-operation of representatives of workers with representatives of employers and the Government and it will thus fulfil an essential condition for the success of any plan.

All new and far-reaching charges which disturn the existing pattern of things are subject to opposition. Opposition is to be expected from the ignorant and the vested interests. In faith and conviction that the new road on which our feet are firmly set cannot but lead to success, we must face the opposition. Then we shall witness the miracle of those coming to scoff remaining to pray.

(Concluded)

Helping The Needy

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Bevadiga Supharaka Sangha were held this evening at the C. J. Hall under the Presidentship of Mr. Varjivandas Tribhuvandas Seth, a prominent businessman of Bombay. A large gathering was present.

Dwelling on the activities of the Sangha, Mr. M. Shrinivas, the Joint Secretary of the Sangha said that the organisation was founded primarily for the purpose of bringing together members of the Bevadiga community employed in Bombay and to cater to their social welfare and educational advancement, by awarding scholarships to deserving students. It also afforded medical relief to poor and helpless members.

Mr. Seth congratulated the Sangha for ts many-sided activities and donated a sum of Rs. 501.

INDIA CALLED THE HAMLET OF ASIA

N.Y. Times' View

NEW YORK, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): The New York Times yesterday called India "The Hamlet of Asia" in discussing the American sponsored "United Action for Peace" plan.

After stating that the Political Committee's overwhelmingly supported decision was a "turning point for the United Nations" the editorial said "a few nations abstained from voting among them regrettably India, the Hamlet of Asia, which wishes to do right but shrinks from backing up the right with action.

"Only the five members of the Soviet Bloc stood out in isolated opposition and all of Mr. Vyshinsky's manoeuvres were unable to win a single vote for his side".

The New York Herald Tribune did not comment on the Political Committee's vote but criticised the Indian move in the Security Council.

It said in an editorial "the Indian proposal tending to reopen the whole question of the Secretary-General's office is really a belated appeal engineered by the Russians to the ambitions of others who have dreamed about occupying Mr. Lie's office even though they supported Mr. Lie only last week in the Security Council. It is hoped that the Security Council will be able to cut through the issues of ambition and confusion which have been raised by the Russians."

RUSHING AID TO TITO

U.S. Government Devising Ways

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): United States Government departments were yesterday seeking ways of speeding multi-million dollar fund shipments to Yugoslavia to prevent any possible collapse of Marshal Tito's government.

On Friday the United States received a formal appeal from drought stricken Yugoslavia, now facing a famine threat, for 105,000,000 dollars worth of food.

Besides the political considerations involved in aiding Yugoslavia, Defence Department planners were concerned about the military outlook if Marshal Tito's government should fall and be replaced by a Russian-satellite one, officials said.

In such a case, they felt Yugoslavia's 32 well-trained divisions—now the strongest anti-Russian force in Europe—would be swung into the Soviet camp.

But the problem now furrowing the brows of top administration officials was how to get immediate shipments under way in the absence of a specific direction from Congress which is in recess and will not meet again until November.

CONTROL ALONE NOT ENOUGH

U. S. On Representation Of Nations In U. N.

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter).

THE United States yesterday criticised the theory that a regime which is in control of a large part of a state and has the obedience of the great majority of its people should be automatically seated in the United Nations.

This theory has been advanced among others, by Mr. Trygve Lie. Secretary-General of the United Nations, in the case of New China.

The American statement was made in the Ad Hoc or Special Political Committee which is debating the question of the recognition by the United Nations for the representation of member states.

Cuba has proposed the setting out of certain principles which the General Assembly could follow on the matter.

BRITISH VIEW

British Solicitor-General Sir Frank Soskice, has submitted a resolution recommending: "That where the question of the representation of a member state arises in consequence of internal processes or changes which have taken place in the state, the right of a government to represent the member state concerned in the United Nations should be recognised if the government exercises effective control and authority over all or nearly all the national territory, and has the obedience of the bulk of the population of that territory in such a way that this control, authority and obedience appear to be of a permanent character."

Mr. Ernest A Gross, United States, said there was little to commend the viewpoint that, applying the criterion of control, seating of a regime be automatic without regard to the ability or willingness of that regime to carry out the obligations of the United Nations charter.

"It seems to me" he said "that commonsense compels the conclusion that the purposes of the United Nations would not be furthered by ignoring the fact that one or the other of two competing claimants for accredition is not willing and able to carry out the obligations of the charter".

FREE ACCEPTANCE

Mr. Gross said one question which might be taken into consideration was whether the people freely accepted either or both regimes.

"If one regime upholds the United Nations and the other regime defies it, if one condemns aggression and the other supports aggression, I do not see how morality and justice would permit one utterly to disregard these facts and ignore them as irrelevant" he added.

He said he had not had time to consider the British resolution and reserved the right to comment on it later.

Mr. Seymon Tsarapkin, Soviet Union, maintained that only the government which exercised effective authority over a state could issue credentials.

Participation of the Chinese Peoples Government in the United Nations was absolutely essential to strengthen international co-operation for peace and security, he said.

Atom Bomb Is Now Obsolete

LONDON, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): Doctor B. Chisholm, Director-General of the World Health Organisation, said here yesterday that the atomic bomb is now obsolete.

Dr. Chisholm, who was a wartime Major-General in the Canadian Army and in charge of biological weapons of war, declared that biological science could release new diseases which would be much more powerful weapons of death than the atomic bomb.

These diseases could eliminate more than 50 per cent of life in the populations against which they were directed he declared.

Dr. Chisholm was speaking at the final session of the conference on the "biological hazards of atomic energy"

The meeting, attended by scientists, biologists and leading medical men, was held in private.

Dr. Chisholm's remarks were revealed later at a press conference by Lord Boyd Orr, world famous nutrition expert.

Lord Boyd Orr said he himself had told the conference that mankind could now choose between self-destruction and a golden age of atomic power and had pleaded for wider dissemination of knowledge concerning atomic power.

"Let the scientists speak out and say what kind of world our children could inherit" he said.

Lord Boyd Orr said many scientists at the conference had objected to the secrecy which surrounded atomic science.

MALAYAN REDS' TRAINING GROUND

Stricter Vigil In Thailand

SINGAPORE, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): Communist guerillas crossing the border from North Malaya into Thailand to rest, train and regroup after terrorist operations have been instructed to "keep the peace" there, according to a document captured by security forces in Malaya.

A senior intelligence officer said yesterday it was obviously in the guerilla's interes's not to clash with the Thai Authorities since South Thailand provided a useful "sanctuary".

Following Friday's announcement of stricter security measures along the border, a 600 strong Malayan frontier force of special recruits is now in close liaison and radio contact with reinforced Thai border police.

Under an agreement between the two countries Malayan police patrols are permitted to penetrate to forty miles into Thai territory when pursuing guerillas.

MALAYAN WAR WILL NOT END SOON

SINGAPORE, Oct. 22, (PTI): Discussions in the Malayan Press this week stress the view that there will be a long struggle against the terrorists in this country, writes K. N. Ramanathan, Press Trust of India Correspondent in Malaya.

The U. K. Parliamentary delegation which recently toured Malaya and expressed the hope that terrorism would end in a matter of months, has won the sobriquet "sunshine boys" from some critics.

The delegation, which was headed by Lord Listowel, made an eighteen days' tour of Malaya. On their return to London they said that they were "delightfully impressed" with the confidence in Malaya in the anti-terrorist campaign, and that all sections of the people were willing to co-operate with the police.

Critics in Malaya have contrasted this with the view expressed a few weeks ago by Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, U.K's Commissioner-General in South-East Asia, that there would be a long struggle against the terrorists.

ELIZABETH'S BABY CHRISTENED

LONDON, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): Princess Elizabeth's sixty-seven day old daughter was christened at Buckingham Palace yesterday.

The baby, third in succession to the British throne, coming after her mother and brother Prince Charles, was given four names—Anne, Elizabeth, Alice, Louise.

The baby's father, the Duke of Edinburgh, flew from Malta, where he commands a Royal Naval frigate, to be present.

SABHA CHIEF: Dr. N. B. Khare, President of the Akhil Bharat Hindu Mahasabha, is leaving Nagpur for Rhotak on October 27 to inaugurate the two-day Punjab Provincial Hindu Mahasabha Conference which begins there on October 28. Dr. Khare will, after the conclusion of the Conference which begins there on October 28, Dr. Khare will, after the conclusion of the Conference go on an organisational tour of Uttar Pradesh.

PUSHING U. N. TROOPS TO MANCHURIAN BORDER

M.G. Says It May Enrage Chinese Reds

MANCHESTER, (England), Oct 22 (PTI-Reuter).

AN argument against United Nations troops being pushed to the Manchurian border was put forward yesterday by the Manchester Guardian.

"There is now a decision to be taken not less difficult than the decision to cross the Thirty-eight Parallel", the Guardian editorial declared.

"Should the advance be pushed to the frontier? If so would the Chinese feel impelled to intervene? That would be the greatest possible misfortune both in a military and in a political sense.

"The inactivity of the Chinese on the Manchurian border is one of the most significant facts of the war.

"Chou En Lai has declared that 'the Chinese people cannot stand idly by' while the Americans enter and occupy North Korea. But that is just what they have done.

"To draw them in now would not only prolong the fighting, an evil in itself and one which might have no end, but would also throw away the whole political effect of the Chinese decision to stand fast thus far.

CHINESE FAILURE

"The Chinese Communists have signally failed to come to the rescue of their defeated allies round Asia.

"He should be given no occasion to make it good now. Once the campaign ends the difficult period of the occupation will begin.

"A great chance will have been lost if the North Koreans do not begin to learn in the next few weeks that the United Nations stands for something very different from the grasping and ruthless western imperialism which they have been taught to expect".

New Context To Colonialism

Mr. CREECH-JONES PROUD OF IT

LUCKNOW, Oct. 22 (PTI): Mr. Arthur Creech-Jones, Former British Secretary of State for Colonies said last night "British colonialism today is certainly not a matter for decision but one of pride in human progress".

In a broadcast talk entitled "This Thing called Colonialism" recorded last week during his visit to Lucknow as U.K. delegate to the eleventh conference of the Institute of Pacific Relations Mr. Creech-Jones said: "We have given a new context to the meaning of colony: and are working for the day when the colonial people in full dignity and self respect can take their place among the free nations of the Commonwealth".

Explaining the essence of British colonial policy Mr. Creech-Jones said: "The British people are liberal minded and anxious that the freedom they enjoy and the social security which is theirs and the good standard of living which by their hard work and past sacrifices they now enjoy should be extended so far as is possible and practicable to the backward areas of the colonies.

"They want the welfare of the people to be actively promoted by the colonial governments and they wish that development to be done in actual co-operation with the representatives of the colonial people and with the goodwill and understanding of the people".

Three Czechs To Die

PRAGUE, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): Three Czechoslovaks were sentenced to death for high treason and espionage after a four-day trial by a state court in Bratislava yesterday.

Two others were sentenced to hard labour for life and three to prison terms of 12, 17 and 25 years.

BELIEFS NO BAR TO RELIEF

U.N. Help To Korea

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): United Nations relief supplies will go to all people in Korea regardless of political beliefs, it was decided yesterday.

The Economic and Social Council, drafting general principles to govern the United Nations post-war relief and rehabilitatin programme, unanimously decided that "the necessary measures" would be taken to ensure equitable distribution of supplies.

East and West voted together to adopt several other general principles, based on the policies on UNRRA.

It was decided that supply distribution would be the task of public voluntary non-profit organisations such as the Red Cross, as well as private trade channels. Where private firms were used, controls would be exerted to insure that "the cost of distribution and the profit from the sale's" would be kept to a minimum.

The Council was expected to complete its statement of principles, originally proposed by Australia, at its next meeting on Tuesday.

THE BLOW THAT FREED SEOUL

MacArthur's Report On Inchon Landings

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): General Douglas MacArthur, Commander of the United Nations forces in North Korea, reported officially to the United Nations yesterday on the successful Inchon landings which led to the capture of Seoul.

"Continuing operations will take full advantage of our initiative and unified strength to provide for the complete destruction of the enemy and his early capitulation", General MacArthur said in a report covering the period September 15 to 30.

At the time of the report, he said, United Nations forces had captured more than 23,000 North Koreans.

He said North Korean atrocities continued to be reported and were being investigated.

On relief plans, the General said: "The self-reliance of the refugees, and the spirit evidenced by them which indicates their ability to meet and overcome housing and other problems they find in the devastated areas, are commendable.

FIERCE AMBONESE RESISTANCE

Indonesian Troops Halted

DJAKARTA, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): Idonesian military invasion of the rebel-held Amoon Island is "not going well as expected", according to usually well informed sources.

Republican troops, who invaded Ambon on September 28 and occupied the northern half of the island have been halted by fierce Ambonese resistance at one kilometre wide Isthmus which link southern half, it was stated.

Indonesian forces were believed to be planning an amphibious invasion of Southern Ambon in the event of failure to break through the Ambonese defence line at Isthmus, the sources added.

MARSHALL PLAN CHIEF IN GREECE REPLACED

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Paul Porter, Marshall Plan Mission Chief in Greece, has been appointed Assistant Marshall Plan Administrator in Washington.

A headquarters announcement said Mr. Porter, who is expected back in Washington early next month, would be succeeded in Greece by Mr Roger D. Capham, who previously served as Chief of the China Mission.

Mr. Capham will leave for Athens next week.

Mass On November 1

VATICAN CITY, Oct. 22. (PTI Reuter): Pope Pius XII has granted that all Roman Catholic churches and chapels throughout the world should celebrate mass on November 1 in honour of the assumption of Virgin Mary into heaven.

This would be instead of the usual November 1 mass for the feast of all saints the sacred congregation of rites announced here yesterday.

Many of the masses will be held simultaneously with that which the Pope will say in Saint Peters Basilica in Rome after publicly proclaiming the new dogma of the assumption in Saint Peters Square.

For the first time in the history of the church the proclamation of a dogma will be made in the hearing of Catholics all over the world through a radio broadcast of the ceremony.

Future Of Autobahn

BERLIN, October 22 (PTI-Reuter): West Berlin's Social Democratic Party today demanded that the 104-mile Autobahn and railway "life-line" linking Berlin with West Germany be put under international control.

MIGRANTS: During the past twentyfour hours 2,557 Hindus and 2,000 Muslims arrived into West Bengal from Eastern Pakistan by rail and 6,40 Hindus and 2,114 Muslims left, states a West Bengal Government Press Note.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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Ban Remilitarisation Of Germany

RUSSIAN CALL TO WESTERN POWERS

4 Demands At Prague Conference

PRAGUE, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter).

RUSSIA and seven other Europe an nations called here last night for a ban on the remilitari sation of Germany by the four occupation powers and for a constituent council to prepare for an all German government.

They also called for an imme diate peace treaty for Germany and the withdrawal of all occupa tion forces within a year.

The demands were made in a ten-page statement issued after a two-day secret conference in the 350-year old Czerni Palace here.

The conference began on Friday after the surprise arrival of Deputy Prime Minister Vyocheslav Molotov. It was also attended by the Foreign Ministers of Czechoslovakia, Poland, Rumania, East Germany, Hungary, Bulgaria and the Albanian Minister in Moscow.

FOUR DEMANDS

The statement contained four demands addressed to the western powers.

These were:

(One). That the governments of the United States, Britain, France and the Soviet Union should publish a declaration stating that they will not allow the remilitarisation of Germany, that they will not allow Germany to become involved in any plans of aggression, and that they will endeavour sincerely to carry out the Ptsdam Agreemtnt to build a democratic peace-loving Germany.

(Two). That all restrictions hindering the development of Germany's peace economy should be removed, and that a revival of German war potential should not be allowed.

(Three). That there should be concluded, without delay, a peace treaty with Germany, which would revew the unity of the German state in harmony with the Potsdam Agreement: That all occupation forces of the great power should be withdrawn within one year after the conclusion of the peace treaty.

(Four). That, on the basis of parity, representatives of East and West Germany should form a Constituent Council for the whole of Germany, to prepare the formation of a democratic peace-loving sovereign government for the whole of Germany.

JOINT APPROVAL

The propositions of the council should be submitted for the joint approval of the governments of the Soviet Union, the United States, Britain and France, and the council should until the formation of a government for the whole of Germany, assist in preparing a peace treaty.

On this, the German people could under certain conditions be directly asked to give their opinion.

The statement said that for their part the eight governments represented at the Prague conference would do everything possible to facilitate the speedy fulfilment of these demands "in the interest of the strengthening of peace and international security."

The demands were formulated, the statement said, having regard to the interest of peace and security in Europe and the world, and the endeavour of the German people to make, as soon as possible, peaceful arrangements for their country.

INSINCERITY

The greater part of the statement was a critical analysis of the statement issued by the three western Foreign Ministers after their New York meeting. It charged that the United States, Britain and France were insincere in their declaration that they wanted a peaceful united Germany.

It said the three western powers sought to continue the occupation "with the aim of having a free hand for the explitation of Western Germany, its human reserves and material resources for their imperialistic aims and the realisation of their strategic plans".

REBIRTH OF ARMY

The statement said the meeting of the Big Three in effect lifted the ban on German war production, and that the real and principal purpose of the New York conference was the rebirth of a German army.

It stated that in Western Germany and Western Berlin there were 456,000 people serving in German and foreign military formations, and various police formations, including displaced persons—most of them "men and officers of Hitler's armies".

The statement said Britain, the United States and France at the New York meeting "definitely renounced" the decisions of the four powers aimed at the liquidation of German imperialism and at the reconstruction of Germany as a peace-loving democratic state.

This meant that the governments of these three great powers had "gone over to political aggression" which was incompatible with the interests of peace in Europe and in the world, the statement said.

The three western governments had renounced the demilitarisation and the democratisation of Germany, it added.

3-POWER DECISION ON GERMANY

East European Foreign Ministers' Criticism

LONDON, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): Moscow Radio early today broadcast in English the communique issued last night by the eight East European Foreign Ministers after their Prague Conference.

The communique as broadcast said the New York "separatist decision" of the United States, British and French Governments was another gross violation of the obligations which these governments took upon themselves in the Potsdam Agreement.

"This decision presents a threat to peace in Europe and contradicts the interests of all peace-loving people, including the national interests of the German people", it added.

E. GERMAN WOMAN SENTENCED

Voted For Free Elections

BERLIN, Oct. 22 (PTI):Reuter): An East Berlin court has sentenced a 54-year-old Soviet sector housewife to 18 months' imprisonment for voting in the recent ration card "shadow plebiscite", it was announced here yesterday.

Another man and woman were sentenced to five and twelve months respectively for sending a page of their out of date September ration book to the West Berlin Authorities as a vote for free democratic elections".

The western organisers of the plebiscite announced last week that over 375,000 East Berliners, half of the Soviet sector'e voters, had sent in "votes"

SCHOOL FEES: A deputation of students of Bilaspur State met the States Ministry officials to explain their stand against the imposition of fees in the state high school, Bilaspur the only high school in the State

E. GERMAN POLICE IS NO POLICE

U.K. Government Has Proofs

LONDON, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): Britain has "irrefutable evidence" of the military character of the East German Police, a Foreign Office spokesman said yesterday.

He was defending the protest against the militarisation of the East German Police sent to Russia last May by the three western occupation powers.

This protest was rejected in a Soviet reply broadcast on Friday by Moscow Radio.

The spokesman said that presumably it had been delivered and made public at this moment to give a lead to the conference of East European Foreign Ministers now studying German rearmament in Prague.

PEOPLE'S POLICE

The western powers had obtained evidence on the military character of the East German Police from 1,500 members of the "People's Police" who had "chosen freedom" in the west, the spokesman added.

East Germany now had 200,000 People's Police and in addition an armoured and completely militarised corps, armed with tanks, light artillery, mortars, machine-guns and coastal craft.

There were 90,000 police in West Germany and a further mobile force of 35,000 men had been authorised at the recent conference of Western Foreign Ministers in New York.

This would make a total of 125,000 to control two-thirds of the total population of Germany as compared with 253,000 men to control the other third in the eastern zones.

DANGERS AHEAD

BIELEFELD (West Germany): German veteran Socialist leader Karl Severing yesterday demanded that the German people should be told of the "dangers involved in the plans for West German remilitarisation".

Warning against the "dangerous consequences" of setting up another Reichswehr, the 75-year-old leader wrote in the independent newspaper Preie Presse here: "If the leaders at Bonn have not learnt their lessons about the military entering politics then the Germans themselves must watch out."

CREATE BULWARK AGAINST RUSSIA

Dr. Adenauer's Call To Germans

GOSLAR, (British Zone of Germany), Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): West German Chancellor Dr. Konrad Adenauer declared here Friday night that West Germany's primary task was to create a bulwark against the infiltration of Soviet Russian ideas.

"West Germany is immediately threatened by Soviet Russian military power and she would be the first victim of a Soviet aggression if it cannot be prevented", he added.

Speaking in this one thousand year old town a few miles from the Soviet zone border, Dr. Adenauer told the annual Congress of his Christian Democratic Party he wished all West German parties to join in "the truly German and truly European task" of checking the "danger of Soviet aggression".

Germans To Go Whaling

HAMBURG, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): German seamen will go whaling for the first time since the war when an anonymous fleet leaves here next week for the Antarctic. The Allies barred Germany from whaling in 1945.

The German whaling company here which took on the crew would not say who really owned the ships.

Iraq's Big Cotton Crop

BAGHDAD, Oct. 22, (PTI): Iraq's cotton crop this season is estimated at 25,000 tons. The crop is considered four times as big as last year's and fourteen times as big as in 1948.

ASSAMBALL

In Aid Of

MAYOR'S ASSAM EARTHQUAKE RELIEF FUND

Taj Mahal Hotel, Monday, 6th November—from 8 p.m. to midnight.

HIGHLIGHTS: (besides ballroom dancing).

1. **Special Manipuri Ballet of Assam.**
2. **Miss Yashodra Katju, famous film star, in Marwari Folk Dance and in "Madhukar".**
3. **Picture Gallery of Landscape Paintings**
4. **Artists At Your Service to Make spot sketches.**
5. **Music and Dances of Spain by Leonar Maria and Jose Moreto.**
6. **Lester Sharpe and Iris—in Card Tricks.**
7. **Lucky Programme Prizes**
8. **Sideshows.**

ALL FOR RS. 15/... Tickets at Taj.... Table Reservations Free.

Any further particulars regarding activities of Mayor's Assam Earthquake Relief Committee from Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan, Hon. Secretary, (Tel: 44397 or 30941).

'RED FOE HAS STRUCK A HARD BLOW

U.S. Envoy On War In Vietnam

SAIGON, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): The United States Minister to the three States of Indo-China, Mr. Eonald R. Heath, today presented his credentials to Bao Dai, head of Vietnam. "Three free worlds' eyes are fixed on Vietnam where, strongly backed by foreign arms and money, a communist foe has just struck a very hard blow against the peace-loving northern border population", Mr. Heath told the ex-Emperor, recently returned from France.

"Vietnam is not alone in the struggle. A powerful associate, France and Vietnam's neighbours, Cambodia and Laos, are united in a common will to withstand the communist onslaught.

"At your request, my country had undertaken military and economic aid which is manifesting itself in the delivery of arms," the Minister said.

French & Viet Minh To Exchange Prisoners

SAIGON, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): The French Information Service announced last night that French and Viet Minh delegations met on October 20 near Cailay about 40, miles south-west of Saigon to discuss the exchange of prisoners.

The announcements said: "To permit the quick realisation of this exchange it was agreed that each side would exchange messages until full agreement was reached."

It added that during the meeting the French delegation received three open letters from French prisoners addressed to their families.

U. S. HELPS GREECE WITH SHIPS

WASHINGTON, October 22, (PTI-Reuter).

The United States will give Greece several destroyer escort vessels as part of America's arms aid programme to anti-Communist Governments, a military assistance official said here yesterday.

He declined to disclose the number of ships involved.

The gift to Greece will continue a programme of naval arms under which eighteen infantry landing ships and six landing support ships are now on their way for the French forces in Indo-China.

The landing ships are about 150 feet long and have a capacity of about 200 troops each. The landing support ships are about the same size and normally armed with one three inch and four 40-millimetre guns. They are expected to give increased mobility to defence forces around Indo-China's long coastline.

CRIME IN U.P.: The incidence of offences against property generally continues to be low in Uttar Pradesh, according to a fortnightly review of the crime situation in the State published by the Inspector-General of police, U. P.

Rhee's Men Ready To Step Into N. Korea

LET U. N. STOP WITH GIVING ADVICE!

SEOUL, October 22 (PTI-Reuter).

SOUTH Korean President Syngman Rhee said here today that civil authority in North Korea would be established as soon as fighting ceased.

"This authority will be established by the lawful government of Korea", he declared.

The South Korean President coupled this declaration with earlier statements that his Government intended to establish its authority in North Korea without United Nations or other intervention.

United Nations participation should be limited to advice and observation, he said.

The President said that civil officials were already going north of the 38th Parallel, but he claimed they were not under orders from his government.

He explained that they were North Koreans in origin and their task was to assist, by investigation and interrogation, in clearing the area of Communists in preparation for the establishment of civil authority.

The President who had so far received no official notice of the proposals of a United Nations Interim Committee to conduct elections in the north and limit his Government's authority to the south, reiterated his objections to this policy.

U.N. PRINCIPLES FLOUTED

He expressed the opinion that the Committee's plan was not in accordance with the United Nations principles in "denying the Korean people the right to form their own Government according to their own free will."

The 75 year-old President added: "The Korean people have a feeling of pride and independence in this matter we have been fighting for democracy and for the defeat of Communism in Korea. Has all this blood been split in vain?

"When you fight for your life and the man who deems not to fight for his life tell you to stop it—would you stop? What do you think we are?

Dr. Rhee said he preferred not to discuss a reported statement by Dr. Herbert Evatt, formerly President of the United Nations General Assembly and former Australian External Affairs Minister, that Australia should do everything in its power to prevent his Government exerting authority in North Korea.

Dr. Rhee commented: "I know he could not have ment it."

TOUCHY CHINESE DELEGATES

MANCHESTER, Oct. 21 (PTI-Reuter): Five government delegates from Communist China arrived at the Town Hall here yesterday to pay "courtesy" call on the Lord Mayor, Lt. Col. S. P. Dauson.

Instead they walked out of the building without meeting him after being asked to sign the visitor's book.

Mrs. L. Mallison, Secretary of the Provisional Manchester Committtee of the British-China Friendship Association, who arranged for the delegates to meet the Lord Mayor, told reporters that the delegation had great difficulty in understanding the nature of the reception.

CANADIAN BRIGADE FOR PACIFIC

FORT LEWIS, (Washington), Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): The first detachment of Canada's Special Brigade has sailed for a Pacific island—reported to be Okinawa.

Military security prevented naming the advance party's port of embarkation, destination and time of departure.

The Canadians boarded a transport in which a force of United States soldiers was travelling to the Korean War front.

Canada's Quota For U. N. Forces

SEATTLE, Oct. 22, (PTI-Reuter): Canada's first troops for service with United Nations forces in the Far East have left Seattle port of embarkation.

The primary mission of the advanced group is to establish an overseas camp for a larger force to follow.

To mark them as soldiers of the United Nations, the men wore U. N. shoulders patches on their uniforms.

Yoshida's Adviser To Sound Truman

TOKYO, October 22 (PTI-Reuter): Japanese Prime Minister, Shigeru Yoshida may send an adviser to the United States to sound the views of President Truman and other high Government officials on a Japanese peace treaty, the Jiji News Agency reported today.

Quoting informed political sources the report said Mr. Ken Inukai, former President of the National Democratic Party and son of a pre-war Prime Minister, was likely to be Mr. Yoshida's choice for the job.

TRUMAN PUTS OFF A CRUISE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): President Truman put off a week-end cruise in the presidential yacht Williamsburg yesterday to work on the speech he is to deliver before the United Nations in New York next Tuesday.

The White House said the President would spend off most of today on it. Mr. Charles G. Ross, his Press Secretary, said that the speech would last about twenty minutes.

The White House also announced that the President would speak on November 1 at the unveiling of a statue of the late British Field Marshal Sir John Dill in Arlington National Cemetary.

BURMA'S HELP FOR ASSAM RELIEF

NEW DELHI, Oct. 22 (PTI): The appeal made by the Indian Ambassador to Burma Dr. M. A. Rauf, for contributions to the Assam Earthquake Sufferers's Relief Fund has met with a generous response and so far donations have exceeded Rs. 1,25,000.

Contributions to the fund are being received from all classes of people according to a report reaching here.

A variety entertainment staged by the Indian community in the city hall of the Rangoon Corporation on October 7 under the patronage of Dr. Rauf fetched Rs. 25,000.

A donor, who wished to remain anonymous, has made a generous contribution of Rs. 50,000. The Marwari community has made a donation about Rs. 20,000.

Red Spies Executed

TAIPEH (Formosa), Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter). Five alleged Communist spies were executed yesterday and twenty others sentenced to fifteen years to gaol, a Chinnese Nationalist military spokesman stated today.

He said they had been employed in the Formosan railway administration since last year.

They belonged to a well-organised ring, many of whom had been executed in the past few weeks, he added.

U. S. Shipping Feat

NEW YORK: In the three months following the outbreak of the Korean war 2,600,000 tons of cargo, excluding petroleum products, were moved from the United States to the Pacific theatre to support the United Nations effort. This was announced today by the National Federation of American Shipping. Merchant ships moved more than three hundred times the amount of cargo carried by air.

World Tin Conference

GENEVA, Oct. 22 (PTI-Reuter): A world tin conference, sponsored by the United Nations will open here next Wednesday to discuss a proposed commodity control agreement and other means of stabilising the industry.

One of its main purposes will be to discuss measures for expanding tin consumption or for shifting the industry's resources and manpower into newer, more productive fields.

King Faisal II Not To Return To Harrow

BAGHDAD, Oct. 22, (PTI): Iraq's fifteen-year-old King Faisal II who returned here from London on September 13 will now join the Royal Military College in Baghdad and not return to Harrow to continue his studies, local press reported here.

King Faisal II returned with his mother, Queen Alia, who has not been keeping well for some time past and recently underwent two operations in a London clinic.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

THIS picketing of certain theatres in the City is becoming quite a thing. It seems difficult these days to go anywhere without being confronted by red flags and importunate requests not to do what you are wanting to—in fact what you set out from your house with the set purpose of doing. And, if you consider the way in which your road to your destination is beset with bus strikes and demonstrations, this becomes all the more annoying.

I was making my way to one of the city's entertainment houses—not, let me assure you, to see a show but for getting myself weighed—when my eye fell on these red flags and some frantic appeals struck my ears. There was an under-current of "Boycott—Cinema; ticket muth lehna" which I could distinguish. But louder than that was a shrill voice which kept on saying, "Quoi nai suntha, quoi nai suntha", with vindictive pleasure. It was some time before the picketer rose to the occasion and, with a dirty look in my direction, shouted that "those who would hear, heard."

Now I am not an enthusiast for these tactics but I love a quiet life. Anyway who was I to champion the management without the facts? And, seeing that I was not going to see a picture, I did not want to be abused on false grounds. So, I stood opposite to the picketer and explained to him that I was not going to buy a ticket, that for months I had weighed myself on the weighing machine at this theatre, and that, if he kept watching out for me, he would see me coming out in a few minutes.

He seemed to be very pleased that somebody at last was taking notice of him and showed every sign of entering into a long conversation, for which at 10-15 in the morning I was in no mood. When I came out, he gave a mute look of recognition.

I have been thinking, however, about the picketer quite a bit. Even the prospect of securing increased wages would not tempt me to station myself outside the front door of my office and ask people to go away, particularly when no one seemed to mind it very much. But this man looked as earnest and unhappy as though he was performing a life mission. I do think that something ought definitely to be done about it and, if the quarrel cannot be settled, at least the leaders of these men might have enough forethought to provide them with something more pleasant to sit on than the last step of the theatre and an occasional soft drink to wet their throats.

JOURNALISTS' CONVENTION

NEW DELHI, Oct. 22. (PTI).

The All India Convention of Working Journalists will be held at Constitution Club, New Delhi on October 28 and 29.

The President-elect of the Convention, Mr. M. Chalapathi Rao, Editor of the "National Herald", Lucknow has arrived in New Delhi from the U. S. A. Yesterday he met the Executive Committee of the Reception Committee for the Convention and discussed the tenatative agenda for the Convention and arrangements for the session.

The sponsors of the Convention, Delhi Union of Journalists, have received communications from more State Journalists' Associations informing them that they would be sending delegates and observers to the Convention.

The programme for the Convention will be as follows: October 28 open session at 5 p.m. (1) Address by the Chairman of the Reception Committee, Rana Jang Bahadur Singh, Editor of the "Times of India," Delhi. (2) Presidential address by Mr. M. Chalapathi Rao. (Subjects Committee: preliminary session 6-30 p.m. to 9 p.m.)

October 29: (Subject Committee—second session) 8-30 a.m. to 10 a.m.

Delegates Session:— 10-30 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 3 p.m. to 7 p.m.

The Secretary of the Reception Committee has requested the delegates to intimate in advance the exact dates and times of arrival.

Plea To Hindus To Stand By Mahasabha

CALCUTTA, Oct. 22. (PTI).

Mr. V. G. Deshpande, Organising Secretary of the Akhil Bharat Hindu Mahasabha, called upon Hindus today to stand by the Mahasabha in its fight for the establishment of "a Hindu Raj and for reintegration of India".

Mr. Deshpande, who was addressing a public meeting in central Calcutta this evening said that the Hindu State was not just a reaction to Islamic state in Pakistan. He added: "we are convinced that the Hindu religion and culture has something positive to contribute to the world. For propagating these values we want to establish a state which would not only solve our internal problems but would help the solution of the world problems.

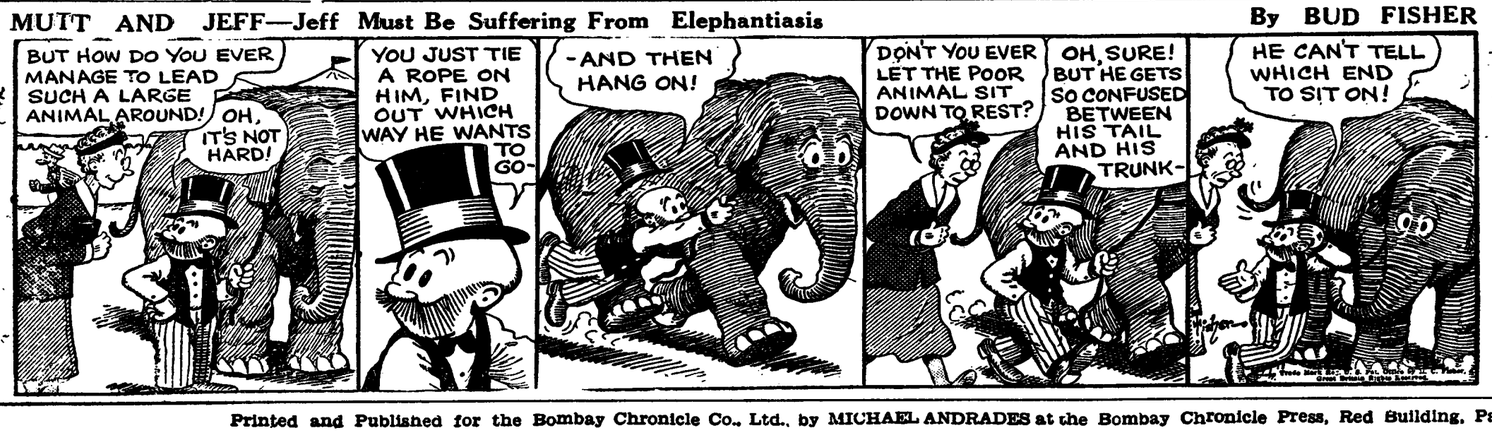
Ambala Congressman Resigns

AMBALA, Oct. 22. (PTI): Mr. Sodhi Tirlok Nath, President of the Ambala Tehsil Congress Committee, has announced his resignation from the primary membership of the Congress on account of his differences with the President of the Ambala Cantonment Congress Committee on the question of the rehabilitation of refugees'.

Mr. Tirlok Nath, who was also a member of the Congress Panchayat had been an active worker for the last twenty years.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Must Be Suffering From Elephantiasis

By BUD FISHER


BUT HOW DO YOU EVER MANAGE TO LEAD SUCH A LARGE ANIMAL AROUND!
OH, IT'S NOT HARD!
YOU JUST TIE A ROPE ON HIM, FIND OUT WHICH WAY HE WANTS TO GO-
-AND THEN HANG ON!
DON'T YOU EVER LET THE POOR ANIMAL SIT DOWN TO REST?
OH, SURE! BUT HE GETS SO CONFUSED BETWEEN HIS TAIL AND HIS TRUNK-
HE CAN'T TELL WHICH END TO SIT ON!

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